Jordan Times

An independent Arap political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصنر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة المنحفية الأردنية ،الراي،

Rafsanjani thanks Saddam Hussein

BAGHDAD (R) — Iran's president Friday thanked Iraq for aid and comfort after last snouth's disastrous earthquake — the latest in a series of increasingly polite exchanges between the Gulf war enemies. The outlook for peace talks has brightened since Iraq! President Suddam Hussein wrote to Iran's All Akhar Hashem! Rafsanjani in May. It got an emotional lift when Iraq sent medical supplies to victims of the June 21 quake. The foreign ministers of the two countries met in Geneva Tuesday for their first direct talks since fighting stopped in 1988. Rafsanjani's telegram, reported by the official Iraqi News Agency, said: "We thank your excellency, the leadership and people of Iraq for the regret and pain you have expressed on the painful earthquake disaster which left our people. We also thank you for your readiness to disputch assistance to the quake victims, wishing the binnic people constant happiness, wellbeing and success. May God shower us with His mercy, grace and care." BAGHDAD (R) - Iran's president Friday thanked Iraq for aid and

Fahd thanks Jordan for

message of condolences

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein has received a message of thanks from King Fahd of Saudi Arabia in reply to a

cable of condolences he sent to the Sandi monarch over the death of

over 1,400 pilgrims in a stampede inside a pedestrian tunnel near the Holy City of Mecca during last week's pilgrimage.

Two Jordanians, a woman from Mafraq and a man from Allan near Salt, were among those killed and four others were slightly injured, reports from Sandi Arabia said. The two deceased were

identified as Hilala Murad Saleem (whose age was not immediately available) and Musa Ali Fayyad Al Zou'bi, 34, who used to work as

Volume 15 Number 4432

AMMAN SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1990, DHUL HIJJEH 15, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

King receives Prince Talal, **Prince Ghazi**

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein received Friday Their Royal Highnesses Prince Talal Bin Mohammad and Prince Ghazi Bin Mohammad who returned home after performing pil-grimage to Mecca and visiting Medina in Saudi Arabia. Their Highnesses were received in Saudi Arabia by King Fahd Bin Abdul

UNICEF seeks \$6m for Iran relief

GENEVA (R) — The United Nations Children's Fund (UN-ICEF) appealed Friday for \$6 million to give Iran emergency relief after last month's earthquake. It sought \$5.5 million to buy tents, water pumps, medicine, health kits, water purification tablets and other supplies and \$500,000 to transport the aid. The impact of the earthquake on children and mothers has been disastrous," the organisation said in a statement appealing for the money. The U.N. Disaster Relief Organisation estimated this week that \$130 million of assistance had been sent to Iran since the June 21 disaster, in which tens of thousands of people were killed.

Galilee waters dip to record low

TEL AVIV (R) — The Sea of Galilee, where Christians believe Jesus walked on the water, has dipped to the lowest level ever recorded, an Israeli water official said Friday. "For about 100 years we have known the level of the Sea of Gaillee and there was never a year as low as 1990," said Zvi Ortenberg, chairman of the Sea of Gainee authority. At the end of the rainy season in April, the lake stood at a record low of 211.34 metres below sea level. The lake provides a third of Israel's fresh water and its level was bound to fall further in the next few hot months, Ortenberg said. The rainy season begins in

President decorates Cameroon team

YAOUNDE, Cameroon (AP) -President Paul Biya awarded Cameroon's highest civilian honour Friday to two stars of the national soccer team, and decorated all the players and coaches for their strong showing at the World Cup. Biya said the team had provided a lesson to Cameroon and all of Africa - "to struggle in unity in order to triumph." Goalkeeper Thomas Nkono and forward Roger Milla, who came out of retirement at 33 to score four goals in Italy, were named Commanders of the Order of Valor in a ceremony at the presidential palace. The other players and coaches were named as officers or knights of the Order of valour or the subordinate Order of Merit for helping the indomitable lions become the first African team to reach the World Cup quarterfinals.

Edberg, Becker to meet in final

WIMBLEDON (AP) - Ivan Lendl lost again in his bid to win a Wimbledon title Friday, falling to Stefan Edberg who will face Boris Becker in the final for the third seeded Edberg did not lose his serve in the 6-1, 7-6, 6-3 victory over Lendl and never the first seriously threatened by a man who has made no secret of his desire to win the only grand slam title to have eluded him (see page 7). Becker appeared rattled as he serving Ivanisevic, the first unting the lost the first set 6-4 to hardooms seeded player in the semifinals ance 1986, but rallied against the 18-year-old. After coming within 160 study two points of losing the second points or losing the second regained his confidence by winning a tie-breaker and then finished off Ivanisevic 6-0; 7-6. Sunday's ie it im final will have a familiar look. a familiar loo.

a fami

London summit offers sweeping non-aggression | Mecca tunnel stampede treaty and peace package to Warsaw Pact survivors recount nightmare

NATO buries cold war hatchet

LONDON (Agencies) — Leaders of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) ended their landmark sommit Friday declaring that nuclear arms would only be used as a last resort, and extending a hand of friendship to Eastern Europe.

Leaders of the 16 NATO nations offered the countries of the Soviet-led Warsaw Pact a pledge of non-aggression and invited President Mikhail Gorbachev to its headquarters. Gorbachev said in Moscow "I am always ready to

The NATO leaders also agreed to announce the military limit of a unified Germany this fall, before entering a second phase of negotiations with the Warsaw Pact on further troop reductions in

The commitment by West Germany to limit the forces of a counted. united Germany was seen as a

key move to reassure the Soviet range lance missiles in Europe.
Union and get its approval of But French President François Union and get its approval of NATO membership for a unified

U.S. President George Bush said he hoped, too, that NATO's pledge of non-aggression "will be a document that he (Gorbachev) can use to convince others that a unified Germany in NATO is in the interest of stability and world peace. And I think that that is probably the most important

The leaders, who proposed the elimination of nuclear artillery shells from Europe, said the alliance would henceforth regard its own nuclear arms as weapons of "last resort." But at the insistence of Britain they said, "there are no circumstances in which nuclear retaliation in response to military action might be dis-

NATO will still have 700 short- still needs to deploy nuclear

Mitterrand said NATO's new position on "last resort... totally contradicts the French strategy.

He said France follows a policy "which is not to take the initiative to use force, but to bring to bear whatever force is necessary when appropriate."

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher had shared Mitterrand's qualms about the new nuclear policy, but said she was satisfied with the communique because it did not rule out using nuclear weapons.

Anyone who wanted to cross our borders could never be certain that nuclear weapons could not be used... against him," she

Thatcher stressed at a news conference that despite the changed nuclear strategy NATO

"France will need to modernise hers, we will need to modernise ours and the United States will need to modernise hers."

Britain and France are the only West European countries with their own nuclear arsenals.

"We have no aggressive intentions and we commit ourselves to the peaceful resolution of all disputes," the leaders said in a communique at the end of a two-day meeting in a 19th century London mansion, Lancaster House. "We will never in any circumstance be the first to use

The summit package clearly aimed to convince Gorbachev that NATO, even with a united Germany as a full member, would not threaten or isolate his country and wanted Moscow as a friend and partner.

(Continued on page 3)

Grenade hurled at Israeli police after truck kills woman OCCUPIED JERUSALEM camp, outside Ramallah. Palesti- were detained. Israel's Itim news

(Agencies) — Angry crowds mans said Tartir, long accused of agency said all were Palestinians. Bathered in Arab Jerusalem Fribelping Israeli forces, was kidday and a hand grenade was thrown at police after an Israeli truck knocked down and killed a Palestinian woman.

A police spokesman said the grenade did not explode. He said the crowds had surrounded police called to the traffic accident outside the Old City's Damascus

Jerusalem has been gripped by increasing tension in recent weeks with protests in the Arab east and bombings in the Jewish western sector.

The bodies of two Arabs. apparently killed by Palestinian militants on suspicion of being Israeli informers, were found in the occupied West Bank Friday, residents said.

Khaled Abu Samaha, 45, was found in a field outside his home village of Kufr Jammal, near the town of Tulkarm. Masked activists had kidnapped him May 28, Palestinians reported.

The body of Saleh Tartir, 50, was found near Al Amari refugee

President George Bush said Friday he would resume talks with

the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) if it condemned a

guerrilla raid on Israel and

punished the plot's mastermind.

Middle East peace efforts, Bush

said that if the PLO responded,

he would urgently consider re-

newing a dialogue that had been

"What I want to see is the

peace process go forward," Bush

told a news conference at the end

of a two-day North Atlantic Trea-

ty Organisation (NATO) summit

In Temis PLO official said they

saw nothing new in Bush's res-

tatement of conditions for resum-

ing talks with the organisation.

ditions appeared to be exactly the

same as those set by Washington

in the weeks leading up to the

suspension of the dialogue on

"It doesn't seem new but I'd

like to see the whole text," said

Bassam Abu Sharif, adviser to

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The Washington Post said Fri-

day the United States and

Washington were trying to devise

The PLO officials said the con-

in London.

June 20.

Declaring he wanted to revive

napped by masked activists along with Firas Hassan Hamdan, 20, on the eve of the Eid Al Adha feast Sunday.

Hamdan, who was among 416 Palestinian political prisoners released by Defence Minister Moshe Arens as a goodwill ges-ture, was found dead Wednesday night. Palestinians said he became an informer in jail.

In the occupied Gaza Strip, Arab residents observed a general strike called by the Muslim fundamentalist Islamic Jihad

Palesticians in the occupied West Bank who observe strike days called by the unified leadership of the uprising and the Muslim fundamentalist Hamas movement refused to support the

A fire in a small paint factory in downtown Jerusalem sent black billowing over the city for more than three hours Friday, and

Bush restates conditions to

resume dialogue with PLO

show he was serious about re-

nouncing "terrorism" without un-

But Washington still wanted

Mohammad Abbas, the leader of

the Palestine Liberation Front

which carried out the raid, to be

The PLO has said that only the

Palestine National Council

(PNC) can act against Abu Abbas. It

was the PNC which elected Abu

Abbas as a member of the PLO's

Peace efforts have been at a

standstill since Israeli Prime

Minister Yitzhak Shamir refused

to go along with proposals pushed

by Washington and Bush sus-

Bush told reporters in London

Friday:" I would like to think that

Mr. Arafat could some way bring

his council not only to denounce

that particular terrorist act but

also to take some action against

the person who perpetrated it."

tainly give rapid consideration to

renewal of the dialogue," he said.
"I happen to think the dialogue

"I don't think Mr. Arafat parti-

has been useful.

"When I think we would cer-

pended talks with the PLO.

15-man executive committee.

setting other PLO leaders.

disciplined, it added.

LONDON (Agnecies) - U.S. a formula allowing Arafat to

plosive device went off in a stairwell near the crowded Ben Yahu-

da outdoor mail. Two women were slightly injured. It was the latest in a series of bombings and car torching in the city. In another development.

Israel's attorney general Yosef Harish, responding to an appeal from lawmaker Ran Cohen of the leftist Citizen's Rights Move-ment, ordered a police investigation into a pamphlet distributed to Jewish settlers, Israel Radio

The anonymous pamphlet, quoted by Israeli media Wednesday, urged settlers to shoot at ians and gave detailed instructions on how to obtain guns and avoid capture. It advised settlers to gather explosives from the army, masquerade as soldiers during attacks and leave misleading evidence behind.

The radio said Harish decided the pamphlet contained instigapolice said they suspected arson. tive material and called for viola-Police said some 20 suspects tion of law.

doesn't, but nevertheless that's

the view of the United States."

To a question about the stalled

peace efforts, Bush said: "We'll

do everything we can to encour-

age discussion that will end up in

Palestinians have to attend these

talks, and so the ground rules are

out there and we've got to go forward," Bush said.

by the Israelis of their position,

Bush said, referring to increasing

U.S. frostration with the govern-

their lowest point since the 1982 Israeli invasion of Lebanon be-

cause of Shamir's refusal to

accept a U.S. plan for Israeli-

Bush has also reportedly

assured Shamir that the United

States wants to continue its dia-

logue with Israel in order to

Bush's message was relayed

during a meeting between Shamir

and U.S. Ambassador William

Brown, Israel Television said.

Shamir's spokesman Yessi

U.S.-Israel ties have been at

ment led by Shamir.

Palestinian talks.

cularly agrees with that and I'd be Ahimeir confirmed that such a

quite confident that Mr. Shamir meeting took place Thursday

We need more clarification"

"There has got to be talks, the

Israel boosts plans for Jerusalem housing

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) — The Israeli authorities Friday disclosed plans to accelerate housing construction in the city by building some 40,000 new apartments in its Jewish areas and

The Jerusalem-based Kol-Hair newspaper said the plan appears to enjoy the backing of hardline Housing Minister Ariel Sharon. who is seeking to ease a housing crunch caused by the wave of Soviet Jewish immigrants.

Shmariyahu Cohen, a housing ministry official responsible for Jerusalem construction, said the municipal plan called for two new Jewish neighbourhoods in the Arab east Jerusalem.

Cohen said one is planned near the Arab village of Shuafat with a population near 10,000 and the other near the Arab neighbourhood of Zur Baher, home to 6,500 people.

But Cohen said the city's plans were still far from approval. "We, of course, praise all the plans, but we need to check out how feasible they are. Some still are only theory. If they are feasible, we will help," he said.
"We are already building 4,800

units in Naave Yaakov, Talpiot, Gilo, Ramot and Pisgat Zeev, Malcha and Masuwa Hill. Of them, 2,000 are inside the green line, in Malcha and Masuwa Hill. We have plans for 4,500 more next year," Cohen added.

U.S. President George Bush has criticised Israeli building in the occupied territories and Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev has warned he would cut off of emigration if Soviet Jewish immigrants settled there.

City spokeswoman Bonnie Boxer said the municipality does not accept the view equating Arab Jerusalem with the occupied Gaza Strip and West Bank.

Boxer said the city's 40,000unit proposal included Arab neighbourhoods as well as Jewish but that construction in Arab areas needed government approval. Government approval of a previous apartment building advance peace in the Middle scheme for Arab neighbourhoods

has been delayed since 1982. "The 40,000 number showed Sharon the available housing stock in Jerusalem, the number of houses that can be built," Boxer said. "This is Jerusalem's answer to the crisis."

to death. I was up to my chest in a mechanic at the University of Jordan. The body of Zon'hi was buried in Mecca, family members told the Jordan Times. The four injured were identified as Hussein Kamel, Mohan bodies," Ahmad, 29, told reporters from a stretcher in hospital. Zareiq, Mahmoud Fareuq and Nijma Al Hassan. They are "You couldn't stand, you couldn't walk, you couldn't jump. You could only fall down grarecovering in hospital, reports said. dually until people killed you,

Sayed, 34, who works for Grindlay's Bank in Bahrain, said. Sayed said he did not know whether his wife Fatima, who was with him in the tunnel, was dead

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Injured Bahrainis returning from

the Haj described Friday how their pilgrimage turned into a

nightmare as they watched wives

and friends trampled to death in a

Pilgrims Mustapha Al Sayed and Abdul Hussein Jassim

Ahmad said they were trapped in

the Al Muaissem Tunnel leading

to the holy sites in Saudi Arabia.

for several hours Monday as peo-

ple climbed over each other in a

"I saw people being trampled

frantic bid to escape.

tunnel stampede near Mecca.

or alive. "My wife was beneath me and I was trying to help her but in the end she was unconscious with blood streaming from her nose. I don't want to think about her fate," he

"People were pushing in all directions but if you were lucky and if no-one stood on your head. you could breathe.

"I thought we were finished. I told my wife this is the last day for vou and me, we should say our number of fatalities...," he said. Sayed and Ahmad — among prayers," said Sayed, who has leg six injured Bahrainis flown home injuries and breathing problems. Friday — said the congestion was Saudi Arabia said the 10-metre aggravated by a barricade at the

wide pedestrian tunnel leading to exit of the 600-metre long tunnel. the site where pilgrims perform Jamarat (stoning the devil) - the with 50,000 people when disaster exit it was blocked with a fence,"

"The people stopped. They It reported 1,426 pilgrims died could not go forward. They could in the accident, the worst in the not go back because there were

modern history of the Haj. More people coming behind them. than two-thirds of those killed "It was so bot — you could not came from Indonesia and Turbreathe. People wanted to go out immediately and those who could Saudi Interior Minister Prince jumped on the heads of others to Nayef Ben Abdul Aziz speaking escape," Ahmad said, on national television Tuesday night, said pilgrims had panicked

Malaysia said 132 Malaysian pilgrims were killed in the stam-

An Australian, whose trip to the pilgrimage was arranged by Malaysia, was also killed, the official Bernama news agency Twenty-five Pakistani pilgrims

were killed in the stampede, the official Associated Press of Pakistan said Friday. In the Bangladesh capital,

Dhaka, the official BSS news final Haj ritual - was packed finish - but when we got to the agency said seven Bangladeshis. including a woman, were killed in

Serbia cracks down on Kosovo

when several people were knock-

"This led to pilgrims within the

ed down at the tunnel entrance.

tunnel retreating and colliding

with other groups of pilgrims.

This regrettable incident led to a

"We were on our way to throw

the stones - we were close to the

PRISTINA, Yugoslavia (R) --Yugoslavia's biggest republic Serbia, cracked down on opposition and the media in Kosovo Friday, a day after suspending the predominantly ethnic Albanian pro-

vince's parliament and govern-Helmeted police armed with semi-automatic rifles stood guard outside the buildings of the Albanian-language television, radio and newspaper in simmer-ing heat in the Kosovo capital

Ethnic Albanian opposition

leaders appealed for calm in an effort to avoid a repeat to riots against Serbian rule in which at least 50 people, mostly Albanians, have been killed over the past 18 months.

parliament and government Thursday three days after rebel Albanian deputies in the regional parliament declared independence from Serbia, of which Kosovo is a part.

Jusuf Buxhovi, secretary of the Democratic Alliance of Kosovo, the leading local Albanian opposition group, said Friday several leaders of the alliance, including its president, Ibrahim Rugova, were interrogated by police Thursday night.

They were later released. Buxhovi held a news conference in front of the Kosovo writers' union from which his organisation has been evicted by police. Police stood by but did not interrupt.

Serbia suspended Kosovo's focus of tension between its 1.7 miltion ethnic Albanians and 200,000 Serbs. Serbia blames the trouble on

separatists it says want to annex Kosovo to neighbouring Albania. Ethnic Albanian opposition leaders say they want their own republic within Yugoslavia.

We would like to appeal to stay calm but we have no way of doing it," Buxhovi said. "All institutions have been suspended and, as you can see, there is no democracy here. This cannot go on for long."

The Serbian-language Jedinstvo newspaper said separatists had called on the radio for an uprising in the town of Djakovica Thursday but the broadcast was Kosovo has for decades been a

Albanians flood embassies in Tirana amid power struggle

PARIS (R) — About 2,000 Albanians fleeing from their country's Stalinist regime have taken refuge in foreign embassies in Tirana and more flooded in Friday as security was relaxed around the diplomatic enclave. Albania's policy-making Com-

munist Party Central Committee was due to meet in Tirana later Friday and may make changes in the party leadership, Albania's Ambassador to Italy Dashnor Dervisci told Reuters in Rome.

He gave no details but diplomats said they believed a power struggle was being waged between hardliners and more reformist leadership elements in Eastern Europe's last Stalinist state.

A French Foreign Ministry spokesman said Paris and Tirana were holding official talks to try and find a solution as Albanians continued to pour into the embas-

"The West German embassy looks like a railway station. They keep on arriving," one diplomatic source in Paris said.

Diplomatic sources said about 1,500 Albanians had taken refuge in the West German embassy. 230 in France's mission and 200 in that of Italy. The Czechoslovak and Polish embassies were sheltering about 50 each and French and Italian ambassadors there were 12 in Hungary's

A senior East European diplomat told Reuters in East Berlin by telephone from Tirana that people were still streaming into embassies and were not being stopped by police.

Everyone who wants to chimb over the wall or fence can do so. No one has been hindered since yesterday afternoon," he said. People are just climbing in and out the whole time. It is very difficult to put a figure on them

all or register them." The diplomat said the heads of the 18 missions in the capital had met Thursday night to discuss the problem but were pessimistic about a quick solution. "We agreed it has become more difficult, not easier, to find a solution because there are so many people," he

An Italian Foreign Ministry spokesman, quoting Rome's ambassador in Tirana, said police were no longer sealing off the city's diplomatic district. They're even giving directions to people on how to get to the

were to deliver a European Community (EC) statement calling for the safe passage of the refugees out of the country to Tirana
Foreign Minister Reis Malile later Friday.

The ambassadors would also ask again for permission to fly medical aid to Tirana after two West German requests to do so earlier this week were turned down.

French television showed film of dozens of Albanians outside Bonn's embassy in Tirana and of other people climbing the wall of an unidentified foreign mission.

The scenes were reminiscent of last year when thousands of East Germans trying to flee to the West took refuge in West German missions in Prague, East Berlin and Budapest.

Albania's ambassador to Italy said Thursday Tirana would issue passports and exit visas to all refugees in foreign embassies who had committed no crimes. But the official Albanian news

agency ATA, monitored in Vienna, maintained its opposition te those seeking refuge, accusing them of being vagabonds and

daughte ٥y Tahiti (R).

ar Marker ha to a babises said sale well the least said sale well the least sale well to be a least sale well the least sale well the least well the be ecution larger ies Monda to the Period to avoid took
al. Lawyer is
she is refree
against against but istian, The urdering bal Dag Droßer, her child D s Angeles at the daught. ous second s Tarita la

launch **;** ttery' - French & incunced the riet Umony. noping the eist for the in up. The le-

gin of the hal dismba ેડ. ક્યાં¦હિ President. Tion of &. ans de h O. Hag 3.01d tt 264 Sovie: 🕒 ed was: ipe mee rficial: 🛬 insents. DISON 92: ाट विद्वार onen e

andari: : the r خا لاند TUNES SE att att. 5. T. L. 12 for Yes 21C |23K oil ag ticx: * rest = 50 30.00

dnsy rt, bu ga is f ok su int= in R May nga e 🚉 15 (13) Juk !es 1.162 jorn di i the AC

clain A ia Deleg "Only It's dinging , ivite 184 er ies. Bagg (gio maneal HOR WE ic credi raper.

150 of \$50

xam heme

Israeli jets raid **PFLP-GC** camps

RASHAYA, Lebanon (AP) — Israeli warplanes attacked Palestinian camps in eastern and northern Lebanon Friday, wounding at least eight combatants, police said.

A police spokesman said four fighter-bombers struck the southern edge of the village of Sultan Yacoub in the eastern Bekaa Valley. Then, they flew north for an attack on a position just outside the Palestinian refugee camp of Nahr Al Bared.

The targets of both raids were bases of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command (PFLP-GC).

The spokesman, who cannot be named in line with regulations, said three guerrillas were wounded in Sultan Yacoub and five in Tal Hayat.

The base in Sultan Yacoub houses an ammunition depot, a training camp and communications centre. Naval forces of the PFLP-GC are based in Tal

He said the raiding jets scored "direct hits" on the bases, inflicting severe damage. The ammunition depot at Sultan Yacoub was set ablaze, and was still burning several hours later.

The jets also dropped three delayed-action bombs on the Sultan Yacoub base, the last of which exploded more than three hours after the 7:30 a.m. (0430 GMT) attack, he added.

He said no one was hurt in the later blasts, but that three guerrillas "were wounded by the first rockets fired by the planes." "One of them is in a critical condition," the spokesman said without elaborating. "Another guerrilla lost a leg... and the third has shrapnel wounds all over his body," he said.

PFLP-GC fighters opened up with twin-barrelled anti-aircraft guns, as the jets zoomed low to strike the base. But they missed their targets, the police spokes-The guerrillas, armed with

Soviet-designed AK-47 assault rifles, sealed off the southern edge of Sultan Yacoub, preventing reporters and photographers

from approaching the base. In Israel, the military command confirmed both attacks. Sultan Yacoub is about 40 kilometres north of the Israeli border. Nahr Al Bared is more than 160 kilometres north of the

An Israeli army spokesman said PFLP-GC of Ahmed Jibril used the two bases to launch attacks on Israel.

The PFLP-GC was blamed for the Nov. 27, 1987, hang-glider attack on a northern Israeli army base. Six Israeli soldiers were killed and eight others wounded. Recent foreign reports have said Jibril's group has been purchasing more hang gliders.

On April 19, Israeli jets hit PFLP-GC bases near Damour, south of Beirut, in two air raids. A day later, they struck bases of the Hizbollah in the Bekaa, in the last raid before Friday's, Six people were killed in the attack on Hizbollah.

By police count, 16 people were killed and 31 wounded in 12 previous Israeli air attacks since

Benjedid promises elections

ty lost local elections last month, said Thursday parliamentary polls demanded by the victorious Islamic movement would take place but he set no date.

"Municipal and provincial elections (held June 12) do not have the same political weight and are not as decisive for the future of the Algerian people as elections for the national assembly," Benjedid told an Independence Day

He fixed no date for the par-

ALGIERS (R) — Algerian President Chadli Benjedid, whose par"This operation will be held within a reasonable period accepted by everyone and in an organised

> The main advocate of early elections is the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS), which won 53 per cent of the vote in the June 12 elections against 28 per cent for the ruling National Liberation Front (FLN).

Hocine Ait Ahmad, leader of the Socialist Forces Front, and Ahmed Ben Bella, the exiled

former president who heads the Movement for Democracy in Algeria, have also asked the government to dissolve the FLNdominated parliament and replace it with a constituent

Political sources say the FIS would probably win another landslide if parliamentary elections were held soon.

Prime Minister Mouloud Hamrouche has said the present parhament should stay to pass reform measures.



Chadli Beniedid

Iran rebels unhappy over U.N. report

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Iranian resistance have asked the United Nations to withdraw a moderately critical human rights report on Iran, saying its mildness had encouraged Tehran to assassinate opposition leader Kazem Rajavi

in Switzerland last April. Dr. Saleh Rajavi and Michelle Rajavi, brother and widow, of the slain leader, made their complaints to assistant U.N. Secretary-General James Jonah.

Their meeting followed months of criticism of a February U.N. report which did not include any proof of opposition accusations that Iran was executing political dissidents.

The two said they demanded the United Nations not send the author of the report, Salvadorean lawyer Reynaldo Galindo Pohl, back to Iran but replace him with another representative who would be accompanied by a re-

Iran has invited Galindo Pohl for a second visit to follow up his

"Galindo Pohl's report and the assassination are two sides of one coin," Saleh Rajavi told reporters after he saw Jonah, adding that Tehran stepped up assassination attempts against Iranian exiles around the world shortly after the report was released.

The report has been an encouragement ... and a green light to escalate terrorist activities abroad," he said.

Jonah, head of research and collection of information, described the meeting as "private" and would not comment on its

Kazem Rajavi, the Geneva representative of Iran's main exile opposition group, the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq was gunned down in the Swiss town of Coppet on Lake Geneva April 24.

U.N. chief presses push for direct talks on Sahara

GENEVA (R) - United Nations we have to think about it." Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar has said he is determined to host the first-ever direct talks between Morocco and Polisario guerrillas on a peace plan for the Western Sahara.

"If Morocco does not accept I will insist, I am stubborn," told reporters after meeting separately with the two sides late Thursday. Morocco has always refused direct talks but has attended several rounds of "pro-ximity talks" under the U.N. chief's auspices.

The head of the Moroccan delegation, senior Foreign Ministry official Ali Skalli, told reporters earlier a three-way meeting was not on the cards but he did not rule if out entirely.

Asked if he was awaiting instructions from his government Skalli said, "not necessarily, but

The Moroccan Foreign Ministry said Wednesday its delegation would not meet the guerrillas, who are fighting for independence for the Western Sahara.

Spain ceded the phosphate-rich territory to Morocco and Mauritania under a November 1975 accord. Mauritania later renounced its claim and Morocco annexed the region.

Perez de Cuellar has outlined a peace plan which includes a ceasefire followed by a U.N.apervised referendum, in which an estimated 74,000 people would be asked to choose between integration with Morocco or independence.

Both sides have accepted the terms but disagree on the number of troops Morocco should leave in the territory.

Arens wants fewer troops in W. Bank

DEIR AL-BALAH, occupied Gaza Strip (Agencies) — Israeli Defence Minister Moshe Arens has said he would cut troops in the occupied territories if violence eased in the 30-month-old.

Palestinian uprising. Touring the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip where the uprising began in December 1987, Arens

"A reduction of the presence of the armed forces in the areas is an objective that we have, and is contingent on the fact that the level of violence is decreased."

"If we see that as the army presence is reduced, the level of violence reduces as well, then we will continue with the policy." said Arens, named defence minister last month in the most rightwing cabinet in Israel's history.

The Israeli human rights group B'tselem said Thursday June marked the first month since the uprising began in which Israeli troops had killed no Palestinians in the Gaza Strip.

Arens, under beavy army guard, met the Israeli-appointed mayor of Deir Al Balah town and visited Palestinian fishermen in a nearby port.

He told reporters he was meet-ing Palestinians almost daily to

form a basis for peace talks. "We're here in the area talking to people in the expectation that we can identify common objectives and bring tranquility to the area... so that we can go on with our dialogue," Arens said.

He said he was testing different policies to deal with the uprising, citing the release of 416 Palestinian political prisoners for the 'Eid Al Adha festival.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's new hardline government is pressing on with its plan for Palestinian elections to choose representatives to negotiate hmited self-rule in the occurrie territories.

The number of Palestinans killed by Israelis in the uprising ose to 681 with the death in Cair of a 17-year-old girl from the Gaza Strip who was wounded by Israeli

troops a year ago. The family of Wafa Hamis Elian told Reuters she had died as a result of being shot in the head in June last year. The family sent her to Egypt for medical treatment.

State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler_saidthe United States welcomed the weekend release by Israel of some 400 Palestinian detainees in conjunction with Eid Al Adha.

"My understanding is that the release of prisoners on the occasion of these holidays in the Middle East is a traditional practice among most of the states of the region, including Israel," the spokeswoman said. "We welcome this time-honoured tradition and this release."

Tutwiler said she was not aware of any connection between the Israeli release of Palestinian prisoners and efforts to bring about the release of Americans held hostage in Lebanon.

The spokeswoman said administration officials have not yet completed their analysis of a lengthy letter sent by Israeli Prime Minister Shamir to President Bush late last week! Nor was she able to say when the president would respond to Shamir. There's no timeframe or deadline on that," she said:

"I don't know what form the next step will take," Tutwiler said, "but I know that the U.S. government will, in some shape, fashion or form, be responding to the prime minister's letter that we received at the end of last week."

Afghan merchants profit from war by smuggling

By John Pomfret The Associated Press

KABUL - Eleven years ago Sarajuddin Aryobi was a small-time merchant, struggling at his family's livestock business. Then the Soviet Union sent 115,000 troops to Afghanistan and Aryobi struck it rich through smuggling.
In 1975 Mohammad Fariq's

transport business was barely making ends meet. After 11 years of civil war between Kabul's Soviet-backed government and the Muslim guerrillas, Fariq now owns 250 trucks. To celebrate and display his success, he recently yanked out one of his tront teeth and replaced it with gold one.

The smuggling that bas flourished amid the war and political chaos is filling more than the mouths of Afghanistan's businessmen with gold. The strife has created a smuggler's paradise for merchants and government officials alike.

The flood of more than 5 million Afghan refugees into Pakistan, Iran, Dubai, Western Europe and the United States has caused great misery. But from it has blossomed a global network of import-export businessmen with truckers, currency dealers, buyers and sellers scattered around the world. Add Afghanistan's recent discarding of Marxist theory and money-making has become even

Kabul's streets are lined with car repair shops which switch steering wheels from the left to the right, so the vehicles will sell in Pakistan and India. Towers of new truck tyres awaiting re-export stand in the alleys of the old city's bazaar.

"Our business climate is better than paradise," former Finance Minister H.H. Tarzi said in an

interview. "I myself would like to be an Afghan businessman." Before the war, Afghanistan was dirt poor. It had one of the

lowest per capita gross national products in the world, \$115. Now with conflict and the failed Communist experiment, the country is even poorer. It has no heavy industry. Its natural gas wells have been capped for more than a year. The only items it exports are traditional - carpets. dried fruit and karakul, the curly-fleeced skin of newborn

With no industrial base, the name of the game in Afghanistan is re-export — which usually means smuggling to Pakistan,

Aryobi's company, Saraj Trading Co., which operates out of a mud-brick courtyard off a Kabul alley, estimates that \$1 billion worth of goods are smuggled to Pakistan, India and Iran each year.

During the 1980s, re-export to the Soviet Union hovered at about \$400 million annually, said Aryobi, who first got into the import-export business by selling. Japanese TVs to Soviet troops. But it dropped to \$50 million when the Soviets departed in February 1989.

Smuggling is successful for Afghans

Profits from these deals don't stay long in Afghanistan. Aryobi banks with Deutschebank in Frankfurt, Fariq, his trucker, has accounts with Chase Manhattan in New York.

Smuggling is successful for Afghan businessmen because the economies of Pakistan, Iran and India remain generally closed to the outside world.

won their independence from

protect local industry by imposing huge tariffs on imported goods. Customs duties for tyres are 150 per cent. Duties for TVs can be 200 per cent. Iran's duties are

countries, like Japan, make things better and others, like China, make them cheaper.

Enter the smuggling Afghans. Afghanistan has always been a junk shops

Before the most recent war collapse of the economy, the

Business centers around the ageing warehouses beside the muddy Kabul River. Trucks heavy with goods leave dusty alleyways and bounce over potholed streets. Little boys prod tyres with pressure gauges. Drivers sporting full black beards and wildly coloured turbans check their AK-47s, firing rounds into the air.

A year after the Soviet Union began its military occupation, Aryobi abandoned his livestock business and moved into importexport. A chance meeting with a Japanese businessmen brought him his first shipment of Sony television sets.

Ever since Pakistan and India

began in 1979, an estimated 50 per cent of Afghanistan's imports were re-exported. Now, with the Afghan Chamber of Commerce says about 95 per cent of all imports are shipped elsewhere.

Britain in 1947, they have tried to The problem is that some

huge marketplace. Centuries before the birth of Christ, traders crisscrossed its mountains en route to the Middle East and Asia. Silk routes to China passed through the land, and Chinese Curios still surface in the dusty

Since 1980, Aryobi says about 500,000 TVs have moved out of his riverside warehouses to neigh-



exports tires, about 100,000 pairs a year - mostly Indian tires to Pakistan and Japanese tires to

If Aryobi, 35, keeps a low profile, 43-year-old Fariq flaunts his wealth, leaving his shirt unbuttoned to show his barrel chest draped in golden chains, while his fingers sport rings of lapis lazuli.

Last year when Fariq replaced

a tooth with gold, he didn't use a painkiller. "I wanted to feel my wealth," he said, flashing his newly metallic smile. Arvobi's profits became a political liability in 1983. The then-

hardline Communist government of Babrak Karmal imprisoned him for "price gouging." He spent almost three years in solitary confinement.

Change of attitude

The government's attitude toward business began to change after 1986 when Najibullah be-

came president. Under a policy called national reconciliation, Najibullah rebouring Pakistan, with some turned to the traditional Afghan going on to India. He also rechants, tribes and local militias dealer, a refugee from Afghaniswere given autonomy as long as they pledged loyalty to the government.

The Afghan Central Bank rec-

ognised the legality of the bustling currency market in Kabul's old city. State monopolies on sugar and food transport ended. Some state-run firms were priva-But the biggest boon came when the state-run Afghan Cart Company began to encourage

smuggling by selling merchants licenses to import goods, including televisions and other electronic items. "We needed the money," explained Tarzi, the former finance minister. Now more than 15 per

cent of the government's revenues come from sales of such licenses. A recent Aryobi deal illustrates

the intricacies of Afghan re-ex-In early February, a Pakistani trader wanted to smuggle Indian tires from Afghanistan into Pakistan. He went to Peshawar, Pakistan, and deposited 50 per cent of tan. The currency dealer sent a telex to his uncle in Kabul's currency market, authorising him to pay Aryobi the downpayment for the tires. Aryobi, who doesn't like to keep his earning in Kabul, then transferred a portion to his bank in West Germany through

Afghan money dealers in Dubai. Aryobi contacted Fariq and within a week, drivers were hauling Indian tires east to Pakistan. On the way, the trucks passed

through hostile territory, controlled by Afghan rebels. Truckers brought extra money to pay off the guerrillas, who operated ad hoc "toll booths" along the way. Arriving at the border at night,

the tires were smuggled into a warehouse. The next morning a string of small pickup trucks moved the goods to Pakistan's biggest city, Karachi, where they were sold. The Pakistani trader then paid the balance in

'We always work like this," Aryobi said, fingering copies of the telex traffic. "It's pure trust.

Cranston says Iranians, Saudis aid Kashmir rebels

NEW DELHI (AP) - Iran and Saudi Arabia are providing military and financial support to militants fighting for independence from India in disputed Kashmir, a prominent U.S. senator said

Sen, Alan Cranston, a senior member of the Foreign Relations Committee, indicated that Iranian and Saudi help to the separatists was maintaining the flow of arms and trained fighters across the Pakistan-Indian frontier.

"My impression is that Pakistan has greatly reduced, and perhaps ended, its assistance to those wanting to cross the border," Cranston told reporters.
"But I believe there are others engaged in this process."

He said he understood that Iran and perhaps some Afghans were training some Kashmiri insurgents and that Saudi Arabia was giving financial aid to help the separatists counter an Indian crackdown.

India has publicly accused only Pakistan of aiding the rebellion, but some officials have spoken privately of other, unnamed foreign influences.

Pakistan and India, which both claim the entire Kashmir region now divided between them, appeared on the verge of war earlier this year. Two of their three previous wars since they became independent from Britain in 1947 began over Kashmir. More than 650 people have

died since the new flare-up

started in January. Jammu-Kashmir is the only one of the 25 states in Hindu-dominated India with a Muslim majority, although the nation is officially secular.

Cranston said he has been assured that Annesty International, the London-based human rights group, will be allowed to investigate allegations of abuses by Indian troops in Kashmir.

Until now India has resisted any outside inspection as an in fringement of its sovereignty. The government still appears divided on how much freedom Amnesty officials would have.

Opposition leader Rajiv Gandhi, a former prime minister, said earlier this week he would participate in a blockade to prevent Amnesty officials from reaching the area.

Cranston, who visited Kashmiri refugee camps during a three-day trip to Pakistan, said Indian troops were clearly guilty of human rights violations during the seven-month rebellion.

Although the risk of an India-Pakistan war over Kashmir has receded recently, he said, any conflict carries the risk of a nuclear faceoff.

"My impression is that neither side possesses a nuclear bomb, but both have the capability to produce a small number of nuclear weapons in a number of weeks if it wants to," he said. "If war goes on for some time, nations are likely to deploy whatever weapons they have to win."

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE

News in Arabic World Cup: Italy vs. England Arabic plan News in French 19:15 20:30 21:00 Classical Music News in English Allo... Allo...

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Negareth Church Swelfs	d
Tel. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Te	c
632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590.	
Church of the Annunciation To 637440.	6
De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terranenta Church Tel: 622366	
Church of the Appunciation To 623541.	
Angliera Church Tel. 625383, T 628543.	e
Armesian Catholic Church To	el
Armedian Orthodox Church To	اء
775261. St. Ephraina Church Tel. 771751.	
Assertan International Church To 685326.	
Evangelical Lutheran Church To 811295.	
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latte Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932	1

WEATHER

Normal summer weather will never and winds will be northwesterly it erate to fresh, causing dust at times

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Anasociation Tel.
637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terranssia Church Tel: 622366
Church of the Assumciation Tel. 623541. Angliese Church Tel. 625383, Tel.
Angueni Cauren 1et. 623363, 162. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel.
771331. Armesian Orthodox Church Tel.
775261. St. Ephraisa Church Tel. 771751. Acarman International Church Tel.
685326. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel:
811295 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter- Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932

Aqaba, it will be dusty with northerly

Yesterday's high temperatures: An man 32, Aqaba 40. Humidity reading Amman 20 per cent, Aqaba 20 pe cent.
useful telephone Numbers
NIGHT DUTY
AMMAN: Dr. Tayseer Khadr 60685 Dr. George Sahouri 77675 Dr. Adnan Zaghloul 89814 Dr. Amin Abdul Jaber 66191 Ferdows pharmacy 66191 Ferdows pharmacy 677833 Al Asema pharmacy 673673 Nairoukh pharmacy 673673 Yacouh pharmacy 63673 Yacouh pharmacy 63766
Dr. Mohammad Al Sharaa (— Al Sharaa' pharmacy (985238

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

EMERGENCIES
Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue 630341
Civil Defence Emergency
Nescus F0900 192, 621111, 637/7/
Fire Brigade
Blood Bank
Traffic Police
Public Security Department
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661176
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Complaints
Complaints 787111 Telephone Information
Telephone Information
(directory assistance)
Overseas Calis 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan
Water Authority
Electric Power
Company
RJ Flight Information 08-53200
Oucen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200
4 mm.: mporum. 00-20200

the purchase cost with a currency

Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/
Jabal Amman Maternity 64236
Maihas, J. Amman 63614
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/
Charles III. (c)
Shmeisani Hospital 66913
University Hospital 84584
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/3
Al-Abli, Abdati 6641644
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/.
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/2
Army, Marka 891611/1:
Атту, глитах от прина соот гот
Queen Alia Hospital 607240/5
Amai Hospital 67415
ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)98332
Zarqa National Hospital (09)99107
Ibn Sina Hospital (09)98673.
IRBID:
Princess Basma Hospital (02)27555
Const Catalog Huspital (02)27333
Office Camous Prosperit (UZ)2/22/2
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)27227 Ibu Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100
AQABA:
Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111
FOR THE TRAVELLER
<u> </u>

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

ileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2	-
al Amman Maternity 642362	ARE
žhas, J. Amman 636140	
estine, Shmeisani 664171/4	Roy
maineri Manufelli (60121	(Ter
neisani Hospital 669131	•
iversity Hospital 845845	65:45
Mnasher Hospital 667227/9	10:00
: Islamic, Abdali 6661 <i>27/3</i> 7	1 0 :15
Abli, Abdali 664164/6	10:20
ian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3	18:30
Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26 `	18:30
ny, Marka 891611/15	
cen Alia Hospital 607240/50	16:30
ed Usesies C74155	10:35
nal Hospital 674155	10:55
RQA:	12:28
rqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323	17:00
qa National Hospital (09)991071	17:00
Sina Hospital (09)986732	13:00
BID:	18:10
icess Basma Hospital (02)275555	
ck Catholic Hospital (02)272225	19:10
ck Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100	29:40
A 1920 TOSPINI (02)24/100	
ABA:	Othe
acess Haya Hospital (03)314111	
	07:55
OR THE TRAVELLER	13:20
	13:25
QUEEN ALIA	14:30

81emity, J. Ama 044281/6	skould always be verified.
sternity, J. Ama 642441/2	
nan Maternity 642362	ARRIVALS
Amman 636140	Royal Jordanian (h 1) F
Shmeisani 664171/4	(Terminal 1)
Hospital 669131	(16thmen 1)
Hospital 845845	65:45 Singapore, Kuala Lump
er Hospital 667227/9	10:00 Damas
ic, Abdali 6661 <i>27/3</i> 7	19:15 Ag
Lbdati 664164/6	18:29 Dheb
-Muhajreen 777101/3	19:39 Kew
, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26 `	19:39 New De
rka 891611/15	18:39 Ca
a Hospital 602240/50	18:35 Karachi, Du
pital 674155	10:55 Abu Dhabi, Bahr
•	
vt. Hospital ., (09)983323	12:20 Jeddah (ad
ional Hospital (09)991071	17:00 Moutreal, New York
lospital (09)986732	17:00 Kawait (ad
	18:00 Bagh
asma Hospital (02)275555	18:19Lond
holic Hospital (02)272275	19:10 Frankf
holic Hospital (02)272275 lees Hospital (02)247100	29:40 Trip
100pilatini (02)24/100	<u> </u>
aya Hospital (03)314111	Other Flights (Termin
#7# ^********* **** !₩₩ !**!!!	

14-51

This information is supplied by Roya Jordanian (RJ) information depart

rormana (KJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International

(1911HENDE I)
65:45 Singapore, Kuala Lumour (RJ)
65:45 Singapore, Kusia Lumper (RJ) 19:00 Damascus (RJ)
19:15 Aqaba (RJ)
10:20 Dhahran (RJ)
19:39 Kawak (RJ)
18:39 New Delbi (RJ)
10:30 , Cairo (RJ)
10:35 Karachi, Dubai (RJ)
10:55 Abu Dhabi, Bahrein (RJ)
12:28 Jeddah (add.) (RJ)
17:99 Moutreal, New York (RJ)
17:00 Kawait (add.) (RJ)
18:00 Baghdad (RJ)
18:19 London (RJ)
19:10 Frankfurt (RJ)
29:40 Tripoli (RJ)
Other Flights (Terminal 2)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

Kuwait (add.) (KU) Algiers (add.) (AH)

96:99	Aquba (7
. LI:40	Tripoli (I
12:00	Vienna Frankfins (1
12:00	Kuwait (add.) (F
12:15	Amsterdam, New York (F
12:45	Rome. Madrid (F
13-00	London (F
12-15	Paris (F
12.48	Comment Paris (F
14.40	Geneva, Brussels (R
14:00	Baghdad (K
78:40	Kuwait (9
29:45	Behrain (F
21:10	Jeddah (R
21:29	Cairo (R
21:45	Abu Dhabi, Dabai (R
22:00	Doba (R
74-80	Jeddah (add.) (R
	in. segradi (socr.) (K

(Terminal 1)

	का राष्ट्रमण्ड (१९१तचातम् २)
69:15	Beirut (ME
11346	wassessessesses Bookdayl (IA)
14305	Bahrain (GF
14:49	Rivadh /ev
49190	The second report report report in the second report of the second report repor
פויכעו.	Kuwait (add.) (KU

Algiers (add.) (AH)

MARKET PRICES

Uppen/lower pcice in fils per kg. Apple 700 / 600 Apricots 530 / 500 Banana 500 / 450 Banana (Miticampar) 450 / 400 Beans 420 / 300 Cabbage 120 / 30 Carrot 200 / 150 Castiflower 160 / 120 Com 160 / 120 Com 160 / 120 Com 160 / 300 Chemplers (large) 120 / 80 Chemplers (large) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Garisc 1000 / 960 Grapes 300 / 250
Cabbage 120 / 300 Carrot 200 / 150 Casiflower 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Chounders (large) 120 / 80 Chounders (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplant 220 / 180 Gather 1000 / 900 Grapes 300 / 250
Cabbage 120 / 300 Carrot 200 / 150 Casiflower 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Chounders (large) 120 / 80 Chounders (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplant 220 / 180 Gather 1000 / 900 Grapes 300 / 250
Cabbage 120 / 300 Carrot 200 / 150 Casiflower 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Chounders (large) 120 / 80 Chounders (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplant 220 / 180 Gather 1000 / 900 Grapes 300 / 250
Cabbage 120 / 300 Carrot 200 / 150 Casiflower 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Chounders (large) 120 / 80 Chounders (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplant 220 / 180 Gather 1000 / 900 Grapes 300 / 250
Cabbage 120 / 300 Carrot 200 / 150 Casiflower 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Corn 160 / 120 Chounders (large) 120 / 80 Chounders (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplant 220 / 180 Gather 1000 / 900 Grapes 300 / 250
Cora 160 / 120 / 1
Cora 160 / 120 / 1
Cora 160 / 120 / 1
Cacumbers (large) 120 / 80 Cacumbers (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplant 220 / 180 Gathe 1000 / 960 Grapes 300 / 250
Chambers (large) 120 / 80 Chambers (small) 210 / 180 Dates 400 / 300 Eggplast 220 / 180 Garber 1000 / 960 Grapes 300 / 250
Dates
Dates
Eggplant
Grapes
Grapes
THE PARTY OF THE P
THE PARTY OF THE P
Lemon
Lemon 500 / 400 Mallow 90 / 60
MATTOW (BEEC)
Marrow (small)
Onion (dry)
Orange 2007.190
Dander 100 1 500 1 500 1
Orange
rcyper (201)
Pepper (sweet)
Pepper (sweet) 2207 280 Potato 250 / 200

Dil our lita

nk

of Palesine in the uprior death in Caron death in C

ago well being the

artment had ares welcomed

ase by he stinian description in Eid Altanding tanding s oners on be holida;

a traditival

st of the saluding lead.

e-honenel elease

id she by

ounecipa F

ase of Page

effors by

ase of Am

n Lebang

Oman sala

ials have a

ir analys

sent h: Sharair k est week e

when to

Pond to L icirame ...

he sig w where

t<u>ak</u>e

on their

. in sage

 $p_{\pm\,12005}$

er s le 🦫

32 ci 🧀

2 MS.

red

ie of E

ated (ss.

ik and

anna (t

or her:

1 5: 27

n. 2 ==

in 🍱

!:: ċ∵:

.....

over.⊸*

203-20

ed.m.:

er Ri

e mene

e work

de tri

From IC

VISION !

uiz 🖭

Paliti

- 1:an

12000

eochie.

0135

كالتلام

he 🖼.

nisk (d.;

is that of

ucicai if

CITEPE

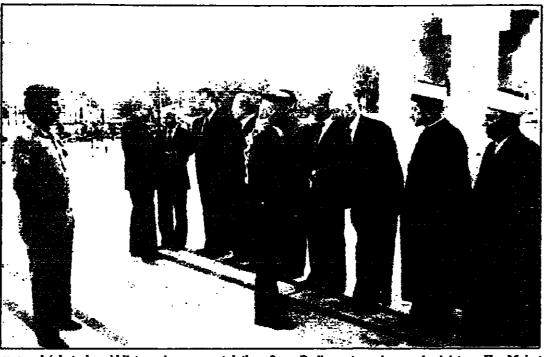
mhei di

nimke • he szi

NE 10 €

γc.







His Majesty King Hussein meets with citizens after Eld Al Adha prayers and (photo in middle) receives congratulations from Parliament speakers and ministers. Her Majesty Queen Noor gives Eid Al Adha gifts to children (Petra photos)

Back to work after week-long Eid Al Adha holiday

AMMAN (J.T.) - Government departments and public institutions Saturday return to normal following a break of six days during which Jordanians celebrated Eid Al Adha (feast of sacrifice) culminating this year's pilgrimage to Mecca.

The feast was celebrated at mosques around the country on Monday, with the main celebration held at King Abdullah the

martyr's mosque in Amman, Kingdom's mufti, Sheikh Izzedattended by His Majesty King Hussein, ministers and other dignitaries.

The mosque preacher delivered a sermon calling on the Arabs and Muslims to unite in the face of the great danger that Jewish immigration poses to Jordan and Palestine.

din Al Tamimi, reminded worshippers of the heroic steadfastness of the Palestinian people and their sacrifices in the struggle to defend the holy places and liberate the occupied territories.

Following the prayers the King met with well-wishers and later lan and Palestine. prayed at the tombs of the late The preacher, who is also the Kings Abdullah and Talal.

the Raghadan Palace senior government officials and ministers who offered their good wishes on Eid Al Adha.

of good wishes with heads of Arab, Islamic and friendly nations.

Her Majesty Queen Noor made a stitution which is run by the

King Hussein also received at visit to Al Bashir Hospital in Amman where she distributed gifts to the children patients. Later the Queen visited Al Hussein social institution and inspected its services to orphaned, sick and King Hussein exchanged cables homeless children.

The Queen was briefed by Lina Shahin on the programmes and On Eid Al Adha, last Monday, activities carried out by the in-

'The institution has lately adopted a programme by which selected numbers of children are

Ministry of Social Development.

The institution, which was estab-

lished in 1953, now caters for the

needs of 125 children with ages

ranging from one day to 10 years

and education, health and social

services and accommodation are She urged various organisations to extend in-kind and finanbeing provided free of charge.

cial assistance to the programme its humanitarian mission.

to enable the institution carry out

family-like life to help them adapt

to normal social life," Shahin

being cared for under the supervi- and gifts to the children on the sion of a foster mother and lead a occasion of Eid Al Adha.

On the occasion of Eid Al Adha, His Majesty King Hussein received congratulatory cables from Mali President Moussa Traore, from His Highness Prince Fahd Ben Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz of Tabouk and from His Highness Prince Abdul Majid Ben Abdul The Queen distributed clothes Aziz of Al Medina.

Energy and water resources could create Arab-Israeli confrontations — Crown Prince

LONDON (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan has expressed fear that coming decade will witness Arab-Israeli confrontations over energy and water resources which, he said, have the causes for previous confrontations.

The countries of the Middle East region have always been influenced by external forces and policies and the Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine is one of them because it is creating tension in view of the rise in water consumption by the immigrants expected over the coming few years. Prince Hassan said in a statement broadcast by the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC). Arabic service Thursday

evening.
"Back in 1985, Jordan issued a call for a regional conference to discuss the question of water sharing and distribution and in the subsequent years more and more discussions have tackled this important question," the

The Prince expressed hope that differences between Turkey on the one hand and Syria and Iraq on the other over the waters of the Euphrates River will be soon solved in the interests of all par-

Water and economic issues, in the final analysis, are linked to political solutions which should provide for basic human rights and the right to decent life which. of course, entails the right to water resources for agriculture and other purposes," the Prince

In his statement to the BBC's "Around the Arab World" programme Prince Hassan talked in detail about the economic restructuring programme going on in Jordan to revive the national economy. "I believe that national efforts in this direction have started to yield fruit and this is manifested in the increase in Jordan's exports, the expansion of markets for Jordanian products and a growth in the level of investments in the Kingdom," the

"The door is now open for investment in various sectors. especially in chemical fertilisers and in the pharmaceutical industry, whose products are now sold in Europe and the United States and the East European coun-

tries," Prince Hassan continued. "The national economy is also being bolstered with the arrival of Arab financial aid as pledged by

the Baghdad Arab summit which recognised Jordan's heavy responsibilities in ensuring pan-Arab security," Prince Hassan

The Crown Prince noted that many of the Arab countries' investments were now being channelled to Eastern Europe where, he said guarantees on such investments are poor and shaky and not yet stabilised. He said that rich Arab states can instead invest in an Arab World that has 200 million people and vast potentials that can ensure stability and integration and retain the Arab and Islamic identity. "The per capita income in the

Arab World does not exceed a few hundred dollars annually, compared with that of Europe which rises to \$16,000," the Prince said.

through investments in Arab countries, like Jordan, and through close cooperation with the European Community na-

"Jordan is confronted by the issues, the Jewish immigration and the return of citizens from the Gulf countries while it is struggling to overcome the problems of soaring prices, unemployment and inflation," Prince Hassan pointed out.

To help achieve stabilty and at the same time pursue efforts to implement the economic restructuring programme agreed on with the International Monetary Fund (IMF), Prince Hassan said, Jordan has embarked on the creation of specialised institutions that can ensure high level training in industry, following in the footsteps of other countries with successful experiments in this field.

"Jordan also hopes to copy the example of the nations in South East Asia which have set up a special fund to finance the cost of emigrating national manpower." he said. "Jordan has been calling for the creation of a 'manpower migration fund' since the mid seventies to offer Jordan comer imported by other rich nations in the region," he added.

Prince Hassan expressed hope that the next Arab summit, which is to be held in Cairo, will tackle this problem and help bring about adverse effects of the population a form of integration in manpower matters between the countries which export workers and those which employ them for their own development.

trade exchanges between Jordan

Among the projects agreed on

was the joint holding company

agricultural and industrial

schemes are being engineered. A

report from Cairo last week said

that the holding company has

now created a 32 million Egyp-

tian pound lean meat project to

of land in Egypt. The Jordan

News Agency, Petra, said that Jordan and Egypt have each paid

equal shares in the capital of the

project which will produce 34,000

tonnes of lamb, 45,000 tonnes of

fodder, 22,000 tonnes of green

animal feed, 138,000 tonnes of

fertilisers and 31 tonnes of raw

As to the linking of national

grids, the two sides agreed to

implement the \$170 million pro-

ject which entails laying a 12-

kilometre, 400 kilovolt line from

Sinai coast where it will be linked

to a 290 kilometre 500 kilovolt

Tentative plans were also made

line on the Egyptian territory.

over the past two years to link the

Jordan remembers King Talal on 19th anniversary of his death

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan today Jordan on Sept. 6, 1951 and in 1909 and received military marks the 19th anniversary of the death of King Talal Ben Abdullah, father of His Majesty King Hussein and the eldest son of the late King Abdullah, founder of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jor-

King Talal was installed king of the Hashemite Kingdom of

reforms to the national constitution in a bid to develop the political life in Jordan. İllness prevented him from pursuing his goal. He handed the standard to

King Hussein on Aug. 11, 1952. King Talal was born in Mecca Arab land and Palestine.

worked to achieve the objectives training at Sandhurst College in of the Great Arab Revolt. He Britain. He was the first Jordastarted his reign by introducing nian army officer to graduate from that college in 1939.

> King Talal took part in the Arab-Israeli war of 1948 when he fought alongside the Jordanian Armed Forces in defence of the

Drawing of: July 2, 1990

Winning Tickets

Holder of ticket No. 51090

Wins JD 25,000

Holder of ticket No. 19391

Wins JD 6,000

Holder of ticket No. 22016

Wins JD 3,000

Holder of ticket No 39587

Wins JD 2,500

Holder of ticket No. 35301

Wins JD 1,500

Holder of ticket No. 46169

Wins JD 1,200

05240 Holder of ticket No. *

Wins JD 1,000

Holder of ticket No. 34807

Wins **JD 600**

Ten consolation prizes totalling JDI,000each wins JD 100 51091 51000 51190 52090 61090 51099 51080 51990 50090 41090

Ten consolation prizes totalling JD 600 each wins JD 60 19392 19301 19491 10391 29391 19390 19381 19291 18391 09391

Ten consolation prizes totalling JD 300 each wins JD 30 22017 22026 22116 23016 32016

22015 22006 22916 21016 12016 Ten consolation prizes totalling JD 200 each wins JD 20 39588 39597 39687 30587 49587

39586 39577 39487 38587 29587

Ten consolation prizes totalling JD15@each wins JD 15 35302 35311 35401 36301 45301 35300 35391 35201 34301 25301

Ten consolation prizes totalling JD100each wins JD 10 46160 46179 46269 47169 56169

46168 46159 46069 45169 36169 Ten consolation prizes totalling JD 80 each wins JD 8

05241 05250 05340 06240 15240

05249 05230 05140 94240 75240 Ten consolation prizes totalling Ji 70 each wins JD 7

34808 34817 34907 35807 44807 3**4806 34897 3470**7 33**307 24807**

Ticket numbers

20930 50639 37934 37592

win JD 200 each

Ticket numbers

03224 04627 48200

win JD 100 each

TICKETS ENDING WITH

8359 0000 4724 5115 4308 Win JD 29 each

6406 9564 7033 2563 5166 Win JD 10 each

050 969 261 151 376

Win JD 5 each

8000 tickets ending with 3

Win JD 2 each.

COVER PRIZES FOR THE LOTTERY SELLERS

40 covers, attached to the stub of 10 ending in

680 509 440 748 732

Win JD 10

Winners of the grand prizes in the ordinary issue number June 17, 1990













Adel Ahmed econd of issue No. 8190 (JED 3,000)

Next Drawing takes place on July 17, 1990 First eight biggest prizes are issued from GUVS headquarters.

☆ Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zaru displaying paintings, sculptures and hand-printed fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Rosenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30). Higher Committee scheduled for

EXHIBITIONS

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

time and place with the concerned institutions.

* Exhibition entitled "Salute: the French city of art" at the French Cultural Centre.

NATO buries hatchet

(Continued from page 1)

"I think that from the point of view of President Gorbachev, it gives a great deal of reassur-Canadian Prime Minister Brian Mulroney told reporters. NATO Secretary General Manfred Woerner said he would

make an unprecedented visit to

Moscow on July 14 to deliver that

summit message personally to "Now, Europe has entered a new, more promising era. Central and Eastern Europe is liberating itself. The Soviet Union has embarked on the long journey toward a free society... as a consequence, this alliance must and

will adapt," the communique Specially, the leaders pledged: - to include a commitment on the size of a united Germany's armed forces in an agreement on conventional forces in Europe; - To adopt a new strategy

making nuclear forces weapons of last resort: - To modify the doctrine of "flexible response" to reflect a reduced dependence on nuclear

weapons;

To eliminate all nuclear artillery shells from Europe if the Soviet Union does the same; -To change NATO's defence policy of "forward defence" and move to smaller, more mobile crumbling economy.

multi-national units;

- To make a joint declaration with Warsaw Pact members reaffirming an intention to refrain from the threat or use of force; - To invite Gorbachev and other Warsaw Pact leaders to address a meeting at NATO

headquarters in Brussels; and — To propose new institutions for the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), including a secretariat, a body to monitor elections, a centre for the prevention of conflict, and a parliamentary assembly of

Europe Bush described the NATO decisions as "an historic turning

"This is indeed a day of renewal for the Atlantic community, said Bush. "For more than 40 years we have looked for this day. All peoples from the Atlantic to the Urals, from the Baltics to the Adriatic can share in its promise."

Bush and five of the other NATO leaders are heading for Houston this weekend for the annual summit of the world's seven richest industrialised demo-

The Houston summit is expected to tackle an issue left. unresolved here - whether the West will commit billions of dollars in emergency assistance to help salvage the Soviet Union's

Jordan, Egypt to tackle trade, power linkage

AMMAN (J.T.) - A joint to increase the quotas for their Jordanian-Egyptian committee respective trade centres in Amwill convene here on July 12 to man and Cairo, in a bid to boost prepare for the 10th meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian and Egypt.

July 15 in Amman. According to the Jordan News under whose umbrelia several Agency, Petra, three important topics will be on the agenda of the July 15 meeting which will be co-chaired by the prime ministers of Egypt and Jordan.

These, it said, include the implementation of joint economic be carried out on 24,000 dunums projects and the volume of trade, of land in Egypt. The Jordan financing joint projects in industry and agriculture and the progress of the Arab Maritime Bridge Company which operates the Aqaba-Nweibeh land-sea route linking Aqaba with Sinai. The agency also said that the

two sides will discuss the prospect of raising to 200 million Egyptian pounds the total value of the trade protocol agreed on last year, increasing the current volume by 50 million Egyptian pounds. They will also discuss progress on the work of power linkage between Egypt and Jor- Aqaba to a 12-kilometre long dan and the prospect of linking submarine cable to reach the the joint grid with those of Syria

and Turkey. At the ninth joint meeting, held in Cairo in January 1989, the two sides decided on carrying out joint industrial and agricultural projects and boosting trade and

joint grid to that of Iraq, Syria and Turkey with financing from economic cooperation. the Islamic Development Bank Last year the two sides agreed (IDB).

> Jordan Times Tel: 667171



Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief: GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation,

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan. Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4, 684311, 684366

Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

After the holiday

THE world did not stop. The earth continued to rotate around its axis, and the globe throbbed with news, as we are and drank our ghraybeh and coffee during the Eld's five-day holiday.

Away from news agency tickers, correspondent reports, tele-phones, interviews and editorials, journalists (like so many of their fellow citizens) sat in their homes glued to their television or radio sets (whenever it was news' time) to monitor and observe what was happening in the world around them. No newspapers to edit or read for four days, they, like politicians and parliamentarians and other ordinary citizens, had to content themselves with whatever news broadcasts were delivered to them by good old Jordan television and radio and other station

A spontaneous recollection of the satrifite pictures and electronic news that we watched and heard quiv y reveals a contrast and a rainbow of events that took place? and the globe during this period. On Monday, Jordanians woke up to the news of the tragic disaster in which hundreds of pilgrims had lost their lives in the first day of the Eid. It was inevitable under the circumstances to share in the grief of all the bereaved families, whether Jordanian or fellow Arab and Muslim, and to be hopeful that we would do everything possible in the future to ensure that human tragedies of this scale will be prevented and averted.

Then our attention was turned onto the 28th conference of the Soviet Communist Party to see whether Mikhali Gorbachev and his courageous policy regimes could survive the orchestrated conslaught against them by conservatives and party dichards who must have been thinking the union, the superpower, was collapsing around them. Due attention was of course also puid to the London meeting of the NATO leaders who could make or break Gorbachev and his perestroika. Many of us could not help thinking that the "Westerners" were not doing enough to help the liberals in Moscow, and that the NATO summit in London might have indeed been "historic" but also nowhere near that dear found in terms of taking solid action to help perestroiks in the Soviet Union.

Jordanians, even in their days of rest and holiday, could not

have ignored Albania and Liberia and the unrest that prevailed there over the Eid days. But those stories have not yet died, and it seems like we will be learning more about the turnoil there in the days to come. We could not hide the feeling that we are on the side of freedom, liberty, stability and progress for the two peoples. Naturally there were either getting more news about aircraft bijacked or going down in crashes, and presidents reelected and

But, despite all the upheavals and disasters, the event that continued to capture most of our time and conversations was the progress of 1990 Mondial and its exciting football matches.

generally agreed on who should or should not win certain matches. Most of us, however, were sad to see Italy leave the tournament and rather happy to witness Germany make it to the final.

It may be besides the point here to say that some profession opinion politing is needed to gauge public sentiments and to document literature connected with the process of our nation-

building. But it is essential to observe how far Jordan and Jordanians have come in realising the issues that unite them and hind them together - and there are many. But if there is more to learn about ourselves and the rest of

numanity from the Eid Al Adha holiday, it is: one) that it is not altogether impossible for Jordanians to live without their daily newspapers; two) that the world will continue to exist even when we take our holidays.

As things are starting to look up again economically and politically here in Jordan, and on the peace front between tran and iraq (manifestation of which was amply evident on our television sets during the past few days), we resume work today on a positive note and a hopeful sign. The first we have to work harder to make

The latter can be symbolised by a few words from our dictionary: unity, more work and humility.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Jordanian Arabic dailies issued on the first day of Eid Al Adha, published editorials about the feast and its meanings and the circumstances in which the Arab and Islamic nations celebrate the Al Ra'i daily said that the feast comes at a time when the Arab

Nation is waging a struggle to repel dangers and re-establish justice and end aggression. The Arabs celebrate Eid Al Adha while remembering Palestine and cherishing the heroic struggle and steadfastness of the Palestinian people in the face of Israel's occupation, said the paper. The Eid Al Adha is a feast of sacrifice and unity among the children of Palestine throwing stones on the Israeli troops, and unity between the churches and mosques of the occupied Arab territory in confrontation with the common enemy and occupation, said the paper. The feast finds the Arab Nation more determined to thwart aggression and stop the Israeli aggressors from pursuing their crimes in the occupied Arab lands, the paper added. It said that the feast finds the Muslims more determined to resume their role as bearers of a noble mission of enlightenment and guidance to faith good deeds and respect of 'human dignity.

A columnist in Al Ra?i Arabic daily calls on Jordan to adopt and apply a clear, definite and rationalised population strategy so as to avoid further aggravation of its present poverty and unemployment situation. Fahed Al Fanck says that todate no brave calls has been made for the adoption of such strategy in Jordan to control' the population explosion which is bound to lead to poverty and backwardness. All those who tried to tackle the subject kept beating around the bush, without dealing directly with this important issue for fear of angering those who believe that the power of nations lies in large numbers of people, the writer notes. In Jordan, population grows annually at the rate of 4.07 per cent to double the population every 17 years; which means a rise in the Jordanian workforce to about 6.5 per cent while the economic growth remains at two per cent, he points out. Jordan can by no means boost its economic growth up to seven per cent in 10 years time so as to cope with the growth in the manpower seeking employment, says the writer.

VIEW FROM AMMAN

Fundamentalism—collectivity vs individuality

TO MANY of our people, Islam is the solution because it is still a living, breathing, and above everything else, a familiar creed. Our people do not have to learn Islam the way they may have to learn other modern ideologies: socialism, marxism, or Ba'thism. They are born with and within Islam. Like their own skin, they feel comfortable within its folds. They do not have to be acquainted with a new terminology, nor with new concepts. It is still a challenging and living force, not only familiar but also relevant to life. Other ideologies that have been introduced could neither replace it nor render it outdated.

The twentieth century, as the twenty first century also promises to be, is a century of tremendous change and uncertainty. So much so, that everywhere, and not just in the Islamic World, it has rendered people bewildered, uncertain

and confused. In our own case. the terrific negative pressure imposed on us by Israel and the West, only added frustration and alienation to the uncertainty. Which culture on the face of this earth is not in a state of flux? Transition? Uncertainty? European? Latin American? African? Russian? Or North American? What people are not now, as they have been doing for the past one hundred years, groping for something familiar and cer-

The great advances in science and the inflow of knowledge caused everything, even the inner most thoughts of one's self and beliefs to be in question. The machine, technology, modern mass media and informatics have rendered modern man, in the words of Eric Fromm "one dimensional," an agenda to the new thoughts and tools; the acceleration of whose production, causes further human marginalisation and uncertainty.

Darwin, Einstein, Freud, Marx and many others in the 150 years demolished the earlier certainties, the neat configurations that men once held in the fields of the science of life and its evolution, the physics of Newton, the primeval psychological motives of Freud, and the economy of Marx. In every case and in every field man lost control over these forces: Forces thought to be under his control according to the thought of the age of enlightenment. If that is the case with all of humanity, why should we not also be just as bewildered and uncertain as

Nowhere in the world does the average human being live in a completely neat and orderly manner. In our case, our pattern of life, belief and behaviour has been rudely dis-

rupted, not because of the inner dynamics of our own society, as have been the case with the West, but by a challenging expansionist, colonialist and mercantile force from outside. That force not only challenged but also acted in a superior, sometimes intolerable racist

Not only has the outward pattern of our lives been chal-: lenged, but the very inner fabric of our psychological forms. beliefs and moves as well. It is not only the society in toto that has been challenged in a variety of ways, but the very personal belief and faith of one and every individual too. The problem is not social but personal. And Islam is not only social but a very individual, individualistic and personal faith as

The return to the root, Al Usuliyyah, will, no doubt, continue to grow as the gap con-

tinues to widen between what the masses of our people expect and what the regimes, incidentally just as confused as the masses, can deliver. The fundamentalist sentiment is also a reaction against the feeling of alienation that the average man can comprehend. For the period of transition, in any circumstance, is the most difficult and agonising. The organism undergoing the transition is neither here nor there, somewhere in between torn between the yearning for the

certainty of traditionalism and the lure of what lies ahead. Forty years ago, most of our people, almost 80 per cent lived in small towns, villages. the rural areas or the desert. Urbanisation is not simply a change of address but an agonising, alienating process that tears old relationships and patterns of behaviour apart. The comfort and the tranquility of the old group, the old collective, is no longer there. All of a sudden it is the individual who must emerge and stand on his own two feet. He has to fend for himself and the certainty, the cushioning certainty of the old is replaced by a new sense of urgency, daily demands on individual grounds.

By Kamel S.Abu Jaber

The family, the tribe, the clan has either disappeared, or in the process of disappearing and the new groups — the labour unions, the professional associations, the clubs and the parties - cannot satisfy all the needs nor truly replace the old ones. The material comforts may be of higher quality, the pay more regular and making a living easier, but something is definitely missing. Fundamentalism, based on a familiar common belief becomes a new group, a new collective that provides the psychological as well as the physical contact needed between one human being and another.

Kashmir wants independence, not union with Pakistan

By Bill Tarrant

Reuter

SRINAGAR, India - Kashmiris in the summer capital Srinagar, hotbed of revolt against Indian rule, say they want independence, not union with Pakistan. The sentiment is far and away

pro-independence, not pro-Pakistan," said Abdul Ahid-Guru, a heart surgeon who leads a fledgling human rights movement in Jammu and Kashmir, India's only Muslim majority

More than 700 people have died in the six-month-old revolt which has raised fears of war between India and Pakistan.

The two countries have fought twice before over Kashmir. A 1972 agreement after a third war, over the creation of Bangladesh, defined a ceasefire line in Kashmir which leaves one-third under Pakistani control.

The two countries agree on one point. Both have said they do not want Kashmir to become inde-Of the many militant groups

now active in the Kashmir valley, only two command significant streneth. The secular Jammu and Kashimir Liberation Front (JKLF)

Kashmir. The Islamic Hizbul Mujahideen (Party of the Holy Warriors) is pro-Pakistan. The JKLF is getting more sympathy from the people," said

wants an independent, reunited

Sheffi Mohammad, a shopkeeper in the old quarter of the summer

"If one of them gets killed, 10 get ready to take his place. Ev-

erybody wants freedom," Mohammad said.

A Hizbul spokesman, in a clandestine interview in Srinagar's old quarter, said: "it's up to the people whether they want independence or Pakistan. Right now we're fighting India."

The spokesman, who identified himself by his codename Nusrat-Ul-Islam, said Hizbul fighters were getting weapons and training from the Mujahideen in Afghanistan.

Girish Saxena, a former head

of India's foreign intelligence agency who took over as governor of Kashmir five weeks ago, told Reuters: "The JKLF had been quite active, but they received very hard knocks and many of their top commanders "Hizbul Mujahideen has re-

mained largely intact because it hid behind a network of fundamentalist organisations, but lately we've bit them hard in Srinagar," Saxena said. "They are favourites of ISI

(Pakistan's military intelligence agency) because unlike the JKLF, they talk of accession to Pakistan. not of independence," he said. Pakistan denies arming and training Kashmiri militants.

The JKLF announced last week it would no longer attack security forces in urban areas in order "to spare innocent lives." Human rights advocates in Sri-

nagar said many of those killed in the revolt have been caught in the crossfire of hit-and-run militant attacks on security forces and in what they describe as indiscriminate shooting by Indian paramilitary troops.



Two weeks ago, the JKLF announced it was forming a pro-JKLF Chairman Amanullah

Khan, now living in Pakistan, named a cabinet of Muslims. Hindus and political figures including Karan Singh, a former Indian ambassador to the United Singh's father, Hari Singh, was

the Hindu Maharajah of Kashmir, an independent princely state under British rule until the subcontinent's partition into India and Pakistan in 1947. Threatened by an invasion of

Pakistani tribesmen after partition, Hari Singh joined the Indian Union, an act that led to the first of the wars between India and Pakistan. Kashmiris say India agreed to

U.N. resolutions in 1948 and 1949

calling for a plebiscite to determine Kashmir's future. Guru said he thought the JKLF's announcement of a provisional government could be an

After 41 years of glaring at Moscow, NATO now glances affectionately

By Barry Schweid The Associated Press

LONDON — The 16 nations of NATO, an alliance in search of a mission, are reaching out to Moscow with a new and less menacing

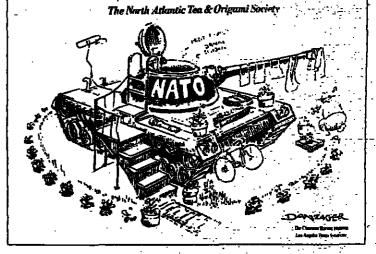
But two days of NATO summitry make clear the alliance is reluctant to give up the ghost even though the Warsaw Pact is unraveling and Soviet President Mikhail S. Gobrachev is ready to withdraw tens of thousands of troops and tanks from Central and Eastern Europe.

When NATO leaders ended their summit Friday, they declared a changed fighting doctrine which will only allow the use of nuclear weapons as a last resort against a Soviet invasion of Westem Europe.

But theirs is not much of a gamble: A Soviet attack is considered far less likely than when the "flexible response" doctrine was adopted in 1966-67, allowing immediate use of nuclear weapons in case Western Europe was run over by Soviet troops. British Prime Minister Mar-

garet Thatcher tried to keep NATO from lowering its nuclear guard. But she gave in, after receiving a promise that the a new dimension of cooperation threat of nuclear weapons however remote --- would remain an essential part of alliance doc-

So radical is the change sweeping Europe, that NATO decided to invite Gorbachev to appear before its leaders in December. The leaders also agreed to begin scrapping an arsenal of 1,470 U.S. nuclear-tipped artillery



shells once the Soviets withdraw that would artificially perpetuate

The artillery shells are targeted mostly on East Germany, whichby December may be absorbed by West Germany. The allies have also agreed to

set up liaison missions with Hungary and any other interested East European countries seceding from the seven-nation Warsaw Pact. "We will show that NATO has

with the Soviet Union and with the new democracies of Eastern Europe," President George Bush told the 15 other Westernleaders ' West Germany. meeting here.

The new look is far different in strategy and rhetoric from the al mission of 41 years ago to contain the Red Army threat.

"I am not in favour of anything European nuclear arsenal.

troops from Central and Eastern bloc-to-bloc relations when this no longer reflects the reality," said French President Francois Mitterrand.

The French leader also called

for a "solemn declaration renouncing aggression or first use of force," by the alliance. That is a little farther than

Bush and most of the other allies are willing to go. Nor is the United States withdrawing all its nuclear weapons from Europe. For the time being, at least,

some 700 short-range Lance missiles with battlefield nuclear missiles will remain, most of them in

And the Bush administration is planning to produce a new air-tocold war era and NATO's origin- surface missile called Tasm, and also will divert some sea-launched cruise missiles to the West

LETTERS

'Not guilty'

To The Editor,

WITH reference to the report by your staff writer Mr. P.V. Vivekanand last Saturday June 30th headlined: "Writer appeals apostasy verdict," I wish to make the following observations:

wish to make the following observations:

First and foremost, I was not "found guilty of apostasy" by the Shari'ah court of Na'ur as your correspondent put it, but was rather found a "repentant Muslim" according to the verdict! What that means is that I had been an apostate in the view of the judge long before he ever heard of me and that I was now a good Muslim!

Much like a verdict in absentia, this verdict was now retroactive. It was

Much tike a verdict in absentia, this verdict was now retroactive. It was based on a flimsy evidence which, as a photostatic copy, is not normally accepted in court. It was a membership application form to the Qadiani (Ahmadi) sect filled out and signed by me back in June 1987 in order for me to gain entry into the Qadiani convention in Tillford, Surrey.

The judge in Na'ur made this so-called evidence outweigh my subsequent anti-Qadiani book "Qadianism explodes from within."

The strange thing was that while he took my book to weigh in my favour as a good Muslim, he took a dim view of the means to it so that he considered me a temporary anostate although he could not acceptable for

considered me a temporary apostate although he could not ascertain far how long. Hence the verdict that I was automatically divorced from my wife and that I would have to remarry her now if I wanted to keep her or

wite and that I would have to remarry her now if I wanted to keep her or she to keep me! (My wife would have none of that!)

Perhaps it is not correct to say, as Mr. Vivekanand put it, that "under Shari'ah laws, anyone found guilty of apostasy could not only be separated from his family and excommunicated but also killed with the killer given immunity" even though I heard such perorations in the court of Na'ur by the Shari'ah Attorney General. For had it been so, four million Qadianis in the Islamic state of Pakistan would have been sentenced to death as they were declared flagrant apostates!

However, in the view of many enlightened Muslims, no change of faith in Islam ever deserved any punishment by man. Nowhere in the Qur'an or the Hadeeth has punishment for a change of faith been sanctioned; "There shall be no compulsion in matters of faith, now that the rational has been distinguished from the irrational and the right from the wrong. Therefore whosoever rejects despotism and believes in the truth of God shall have grasped the firmest handle that will never break as God

responds to the true need which He knows only too well."

Whatever the judge of the Shari'ah court of Na'ur has ruled against mewill not stick unless it is confirmed by the Shari'ah Court of Higher Appeal
to which my case has been referred now by my esteemed lawyer Mr. Karim Pharaon. It is worth noting, however, that all such cases are automatically referred to the higher court for review. Many verdicts of apostasy cases have already been undone.

The appeal on my behalf does not seek to exonerate me only from the so-called apostasy but also to put some matters right. My lawyer and I believe that the Qur'an and the Jordanian Constitution protect the freedom of conscience and that there have been many malpractices in my case including some quizzical and misleading reporting!

Ibrahim Abu Naab

Mutt'n'Jeff

opening for talks.



Andy Capp

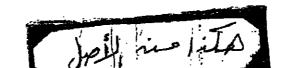


Peanuts









Afghan refugees get a aste of the 'obscene'

By Andrew Quinn Reuter

HETE. All of a dividual with the stand on his to lead the second
tribe, th

ppeared of

TOTAL SERVICE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

ic making a

Official and

~). . .

368.-71 - 22

21.

11:1

ns. Ta

e d e d

1.3.4.3.

g. Le 🐴

PESHAWAR, Pakistán - Clad in a skin-tight dress and weighing close to 90 kilogrammes Musarrat Shaheen Shimmies and shakes across movie screens to the whistles and cat-calls of her Afghan

Many in the audience are refugees and guerrilla Mujahideen fighters whose own wives and fiances would not be caught dead outside the house without a topto-toe Muslim veil.

"The Afghan community is so conservative, and so segregated, that people need things like Musarrat Shaheen for some kind of relief," said one journalist in Pakistan's frontier town of Peshawar, centre of the 3.5 million Afghan refugee community in

Shaheen is probably the biggest, and the largest, star to emerge from Pakistani movie studios making films in Pashtu, the language of the main Afghan tribe, which is widely spoken in

the refugee camps. Like the other female stars of the genre - which local newspapers call "obscene" - Shaheen is big, loves to dance, and totally disregards the laws of Islamic propriety.

"I see a man that I like, I take him," she said in one recent movie, whose title, loosely trans-

lated, is "Lust for Revenge." The centre of her cuit is Peshawar's Sukarno Square, a crowded street of movie theatres where people stare in awe at threestorey billboards depicting Sha-

heen and others in action. "People in this province like their women big, the bigger the better, actually," said the jour-

nalist, himself a Pashtun. "Big bosoms, sturdy thighs, huge buttocks and bulky waistlines" are de rigueur for Pashtu heroines, the weekly magazine Newsline said in a recent report.

With names like "storm" and "rage", Shaheen's films reflect the violent ethos that has come to characterise the Afghan Community here, where disputes are often settled with a rifle and vengeance is an honoured tradi-

Almost every character in "Lust for Revenge" is dead by the end of the film. Most die in volleys of machine gun fire, but others are thrown into tanks filled with water snakes, stabbed repeatedly by men on horseback, and whipped by gangs wielding heavy steel chains.

Kung-Fu Style fight scenes dominate most pictures, but the audience usually saves its heartiest applause for Musarrat Shabeen, who bounces into unlikely situations to begin her trade-

mark dance routine. In "Lust for Revenge" she dances on a golf-course, atop a children's swing, aboard a paddle-boat and at gun-point in a drug baron's lair.

In one number, she leads a chorus line of equally large women while wearing an elaborate head-dress of fake pearls."

Shaheen's style, described by one Peshawar fan as "mostly jumping and shrieking," makes the most of her ample figure. Always fully-clothed, she struts

flashy blouses and dark sung-

Shaheen's movies play to packed houses. The audience - all male by Afghan custom — is frisked for weapons before entering the theatre and many customers check for bombs under their seats before sitting down.

So many people wanted to see the early morning showing of one film on a recent Muslim holiday that police had to baton-charge the crowd to disperse them.

Shaheen's success has angered others who say that the seamy titiliations in her movies have bijacked traditional cultural

One critic, producer Gul Akbar Afridi, has tried to counter the trend by making films based on historical stories, which were the staple of the industry in its early years in the 1970s.

But Musarrat Shaheen looks difficult to dislodge.

Shaheen-style Pashtu films are playing to sell-out audiences throughout Pakistan although most film-goers in the rest of the country cannot understand a word of the dialgue.

Despite the protestations of "obscenity," many theatre owners seem to feel that the ability to sell tickets at two to three times normal prices outweighs moral considerations.

Far from the local censors, the real threat to Shaheen may be coming from abroad. The cinema next door to the theatre showing "Lust for Revenge" in Peshawar featured an American offering: "Barbarian queens."

He wants to go home

By Deborah Zabarenko Reuter

WASHINGTON — His memoirs have won rave reviews, he has been interviewed on U.S. television and his name is in newspapers from Washington to Los

To any other writer, this might spell success. But Lin Binyan, a leading Chinese journalist-in-exile, has already had success. Now he wants to go home.

Liu knows that may be impossible. "My readers are all back in China, so I would like to go

back," Liu told Reuters in an interview in Chinese, which his wife, Zhu Hong, translated. "But after June 4 (the day in

1989 when the Communist leadership sent troops and tanks into Tinananmen Square in Beijing to crush pro-democracy demonstrations)... I spoke very outspokenly and, of course, the Chinese authorities were very angry at me and said that I had denounced them in the papers."

"They say I am a traitor." As an investigative reporter for China Youth News and People's Daily, Liu specialised in stories of government corruption and waste, including vivid portraits of those who suffered as a result.

Describing the callousness of doctors, for example, he wrote:
"in our society, there are those who only remember to carry their work certificates, their identification badges, but leave their hearts

Liu's writings brought the kind

byline, and ultimately this popularity attracted dangerous atten-

tion from the government.
"Until he left China, he was clearly the most prominent journalist and was particularly wellknown for going after corruption and exposing it in a very unconventional way," said Winston Lord, former U.S. ambassador in

"individualistic" for committing such seemingly innocuous acts as whistling when he walked up stairs, Liu was purged from the Chinese Communist Party in 1957, rehabilitated 22 years later, then purged again in 1987.

Throughout those times when he was sent to the countryside as a manure-carrier and to perform other menial jobs - Liu believed in the theory oif Chinese communism if not its practice.

"The Chinese Communist Party seemed to lay great stress on the human factor, emphasising the subjective as a motivating force; at least it did in its theories and slogans." Liu wrote in his autobiography "A Higher Kind

of Loyalty. "But in reality, in China, human beings were of little importance... the masses had become completely apathetic to public affairs, and the workers, the socalled masters of the enterprises, were totally uninterested in their

He accepted a fellowship at Harvard University in 1988-89,

CROWN

INT'L EST.

packing, shipping,

forwarding, storaging,

clearing, door-to-door

Tel: 864098, Fex: 699852 Tix: 22265 BESMCO JO P.O. Box 926487

AMMAN JORDAN

service

of fame few journalists achieve. and planned to return to China as Millions of readers would buy a the pro-democracy movement newspaper on the strength of his was blossoming in April 1989. Events at Tiananmen Square postponed his return indefinitely.

Since then, Liu has spent a term at Trinity College in Connecticut and will be at Princeton University in New Jersey next

He continues to write in the United States and hopes the Chinese-language edition of his Beijing. memoirs finds its way into China.

Criticised as "bourgeois" and At 65 Liu plane to spend the

At 65, Liu plans to spend the next few months in East Berlin, with forays into other nations in the region "because we see many similarities between China and Eastern European countries."

Liu chuckles at the notion of President George Bush, a former U.S. ambassador in Beijing, as an expert on China and regrets that the United States has given preferential trading status to Beijing.

"We are not very satisfied with the American government all along since the June massacre," Liu said. "... especially after Bush extended this most favoured nation status precisely at the anniversary of the massacre and extended it without any conditions.'

The New York Times book review highlighted Liu's memoirs, "A Higher Kind of Loyalty," on its best-seller page — it is not on the list — summing it up thus:

"Repeatedly Mr. Liu wrote the truth; repeatedly he was punished for it, but never gave up faith in the party until Tiananmen Square. Strange and sad."

G B W FOR I B M



Gulf Business Machines offers world renowned

technology and more

GBM approach is built on being close to customers, being flexible in meeting their needs. understanding the demands and customs of the region. Giving full weight to this service is worldrenowned IBM technology and support which can satisfy the information requirements of every kind of business.

GBM employees are totally IBM trained, bringing the experience, knowledge and skills of the world's most successful computer company direct to the region under local management.

GBM is your door to IBM in the region, matching the latest technologies and providing complete services and customer facilities.

GBM

For further information, for contact the nearest local

distributor.

Tel: 565 30 00

To advertise in the Jordan Times call

667171-06

Saudi

Real Estate

RENTAL 687821

THE PROFESSIONALS ALWAYS CHOOSE THE RELIABLE

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES, CUSTOMS CLEARANCE , TICKETS AND RESERVATIONS

AMIN KAWAR & SONS TEL 604676 604696 P.O.BOX 7806



in Jordan 1st Circle, Jabal Amman, near Ahliyyah Girls School

Take away is available

Open daily 12:00-3:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m.-Midnight Tel. 638968



The only typical Chinese cuisine in Amman. Chinese Flaming pot is available Take away available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30

Wadi Ságra Road - near Traffic Bridge Amman, Jordan Tel: 661922

The First Class Hotel in Amman that has a Kitchenette in every room...! DAROTEL

حاراوتيل Amman - Tel 668193

P.O. Box 9403 - Fax 602434 Telex 23888 DAROTL JO Ideal Residence For **Expatriates and Businessmen**

CHEN'S CHINESE RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongollan Barbeque for **Lunch Friday only** Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

6:30 - Midnight

STUDIO HAIG

Yana.

Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service Develop your colour film at our shop and get:-JUMBO photo

size 30% larger • Free enlarge ment 20 x 30 cm

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891

Let Aramex Air Cargo take care of the works,

Door to Door, Call the friendly professionals on 660507 or 660508



EASTERN

PACKING.

DOOR-TO-DOOR SERVICES.

INTERNATIONAL FORWARDING

AÎR & SEA FREIGHT.

AMMAN-JORDAN

FAX: 656 270

POB: 815 408

TEL: 621 775

TLX:23 0 23

available Open Daily 12,30~3.30 pm 7,30~11,30 pm After the Philadelphia Hotel Towards 3rd circle Tet:659519 659520







Sales Dept.833479

Rental Dept.833478

For the best for your MONEY... **ADVERTISE** in the



JORDAN MARKET PLACE

World Cup finalists face injury problems

ROME (Agencies) — Defending champion Argentiand West Germany are hoping key players will recover from injuries to play in Sunday's World Cup

without four suspended players, is concerned about the fitness of experienced midfielder Jorge Burruchaga.

He is suffering from an injury to his right knee and undergoing daily treatment.

Burruchaga scored the winning goal in Argentina's 3-2 victory over the Germans in the 1986 final in Mexico City and played outstandingly in the team's semifinal win over Italy in Naples Toesday.

The Argentines, who are aiming to become only the third team in history to repeat as World Cup champions, beat Italy 4-3 on penalties after a 1-1 draw. West Germany advanced to its

third consecutive final with a similar penalty contest win over England in Turin Wednesday it, also after a 1-1- draw. Striker Rudi Voeller, who has scored three goals in the tourna-

ment, is recovering from a sprained calf muscle. Beckenbauer said Thursday he was confident Voeller would be

able to start. Midfielders Uwe Bein, Pierre Littbarski and Thomas Haessler and defender Thomas Berthold all are suffering from minor injuries, but are likely to recover in

Argentine coach Carlos Bilardo has to find replacements for four suspended players --- defender Julio Olarticoechea, midfielders Ricardo Giusti and Sergio Batista and striker Claudio

Caniggia.
"There are several moves that I am considering," he said. Among the changes being pon-

By Nur Sati

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Even though Jor-

dan's football team has failed to

enter the World Cup this year, its

athletic teams have shown great

success that the Olympic teams

are working hard in preparation

for the Asian Olympic games scheduled for September this

Jordan's participation in the

mes includes basketball, shoot-

ing (team comprises five mem-

bers), wrestling (three competi-

tors will participate) and athletics

(six will compete in the highjump

and the rest in 100 metres (m),

Argentina, which already is dered by Bilardo is moving Jose Serrizuela from defence to mid-

> an accurate long-range shooter, could then be replaced as stopper by experienced Pedro Monzon. Bilardo has said he will not name his team until close to

Serrizuela, a strong marker and

If Argentina wins the final. Bilardo will become only the second coach in World Cup history to lead a team to successive

Vittorio Pozzo achieved the feat with Italy 1934 and 1938. Beckenbauer achieved the feat as a player in 1974, but has yet to taste World Cup triumph as a

"The final is a good chance to avenge the defeat suffered four years ago," he said.

The West German team has lost its share of World Cup finals: 1966 when England prevailed 4-2 in London; 1982 when Italy won 3-1 in Madrid; and 1986 to Argentina in Mexico.

The Germans have also won the World Cup twice - 1954 in Switzerland and 1974 in West Germany — and are second only to Brazil in World Cup matches

won over the years. "We are very confident this time," Beckenbauer said. "This time we want to show we are the best. We want the title."

While Argentina and West Germany are considering their options for the final, disappointed duo Italy and England are preparing for their third-place playoff in Bari Saturday.

ing his team for the virtually meaningless match.

The effort and the determination will be there ... but enthusiasm, I don't know," Vicini said. "I hope it will come."

England coach Bobby Robson said he expected his team to lift itself after its morale-draining penalty loss to West Germany. "The game of football teaches

you to be resilient. You have to pick yourself up and get on with life. If you can't do that you shouldn't be in the game," Robson said.

Robson may give some World Cup experience to the players who did not see action during the tournament — goalkeepers Chris Woods and Dave Beasant, leftback Tony Dorigo and midfielder Neil Webb.

Vicini Friday named a heavily defensive side for the third-place playoff against England. Defenders Pietro Vierchowod.

whose only previous contribution here was as a substitute against Uruguay in the second round, and Ciro Ferrara will be in the starting line-up for the first time in Saturday's match in Bari.

Carlo Ancelotti, back from injury and used in only two matches in the finals, comes back as one of three midfielders — one less than the Italians usually play.

Vicini has left out midfielders Roberto Donadoni and Fernando de Napoli, both tired from their efforts in earlier games, and defender Riccardo Ferri.

Ferri suffered recurring attacks of cramp in the semifinal against Argentina but is expected to be on the bench Saturday.

Striker Gianluca Vialli, used against Argentina, also loses his place again. Vicini has opted for the more successful attacking pair of Salvatore Schillaci, who is still Italian coach Azeglio Vicini recovering from a groin strain, admits he is having difficulty lift- and Roberto Baggio.

Argentines turn to superstition for cup victory

BUENOS AIRES (R) - Not content with the conviction that God is on their side, Argentines are relying on superstitious rituals to ensure their team's victory in Sunday's World Cup soccer final against West Germany.

Superstition among sportsmen from using good luck charms to not shaving — is notorious. But even President Carlos Menem admits to having his rituals.

"I always wear the same tie and the same clothes," said Menem after Tuesday's semifinal penalty shoot-out victory over Italy.

Since returning from Italy where he watched Argentina's opening game, in which the title holders loct 1-0 to Cameroun, Menem has followed the matches on a giant screen in the Casa Rosada (pink house) government house. In a suburb of Buenos Aires an

embarrassed housewife, who admitted to her ritual on condition she was not named, described her pre-match antics. "I always walk twice clockwise and twice anti-clockwise around

my chair before the start of a Most Argentines admit their team, which won the World Cup in Mexico four years ago and as hosts in 1978, have had their share of luck in Italy, particularly

in the 1-0 win over Brazil. After that match newspapers ran banner headlines proclaiming "God is an Argentine," recalling that it was the "mano de Dios (hand of God) which enabled captain Diego Maradona to score the disputed goal in the 2-1 win over England in the 1986 quarter-



Lothar Matthaeus celebrates his second goal against Yugos-

Voeller, Klinsmann seek better luck in cup final

ERBA, Italy (R) — West Ger- Germany the most prolific goalman strikers Rudi Voeller and Juergen Klinsmann are hoping for a change of fortune in Sunday's World Cup final against Argentina after frustrating semifinal appearances against Eng-

land. Voeller, who missed the quarter-final win over Czechoslovakia through suspension, went off injured before halftime while Klinsmann missed two chances of clin-

ching the winner in extra time. Voeller, sent off in the second round against the Netherlands, suffered a trapped nerve near his right shinbone and lost the feeling in his leg for nearly half an hour.

"First the suspension, now this it's almost a curse," Voeller, who scored three times in the first two World Cup matches, said at the team base near Lake

But the 30-year-old Roma striker was much better Thursday and looking forward to playing in the final. Klinsmann played a magnificent

match against the Dutch after Voeller was sent off, scoring the opening goal in a 2-1 win to take his World Cup tally to three. But he has been unable to

reproduce such devastating form "You can't repeat a game like the one he played against Holland." team chief Franz Becken-

bauer said. "It was perhaps un-"He runs a lot and moves a lot but he tries to do the difficult thing instead of the easy. We've got time to discuss it before Sunday. I hope he plays like he did in

Klinsmann said England goalkeeper Peter Shilton had shown brilliant reactions to save his header five minutes into injury

the previous games."

But he blamed himself for not fastening on to his shot properly two minutes later after Klaus Augenthaler had presented him with a golden chance. "I wasn't concentrating my best. That annoys me a lot," Klinsmann

The lethal combination of Klinsmann and Voeller has played a major role in making West

scoring team of the tournament. But if Voeller and Klinsmann are automatic selections, Beckenbauer has a variety of options for two places in midfield alongside

captain Lothar Matthaeus. Beckenbauer decided Pierre Littbarski and Uwe Bein, who both suffered knocks in the quarter-finals, were not 100 per cent fit and fielded Thomas Haessler and Olaf Thon - players of similar attacking inclinations against England.

Thon had previously played just two minutes in the tournament as a substitute, coming on for Haessler in the last first round match. Neither had another outing before the England game.

Matthaeus, arguably the outs-tanding player of the World Cup, generates the action from the heart of midfield and threatens opposing defences with his marauding raids upfield. He has even outscored Voeller and Clinsmann with four goals.

Beckenbauer fields a five-man defence, with a sweeper, two man-to-man markers and an overlapping full back on each

Augenthaler is sweeper and Jergen Kohler, who missed the first round because of injury, and Guido Buchwald first choices to shackle the most dangerous opposition strikers.

Buchwald moved up field when Bein was dropped to make way for Kohler in what Beckenbauer called a more conservative lineup against the dangerous Dutch - a more defensive player introduced for an

attacker. But he may be entrusted with the task of containing Diego Maradona in the final - a job which Matthaeus will not be given after his unhappy experience of the 1986 final.

Andreas Brehme, who scored against England and converted the first penalty in the shoot-out, has enjoyed an outstanding World Cup with his raids down the left flank.

Thomas Berthold has emerged ahead of Stefan Reuter as first choice on the right.

3 die, scores hurt in riots after England cup defeat LONDON (AP) — Crowds frus- some of the worst hooliganism trated by England's World Cup The students were locked into the

soccer loss to West Germany Pink Coconut Nightclub for their rioted in 30 English towns in a own safety, and police later orgamight of violence th at cost three nised five buses to ferry them lives, injured scores of people away.

The violence, mostly in southern England, broke out when Brighton. fans - many of whom had been in pubs watching the live broadpoured into the streets in an ters smashed the windows of her angry mood. Dozens of police pub in Brighton, the Regency officers were injured in clashes with the rioters.

Before the crucial soccer game, police had publicised contingency but the warning failed to deter surveillance with other youths;

places like the market towns of Melton Mowbray, Uttoxeter and Yeovil, Genteel Learnington Spa. the cathedral city of Peterbor- treating his death as murder. ough, the horse racing centre of Newmarket, Sedate Shrewsbury and the seaside towns of Bourne-

Shop windows were smashed, cars damaged and German and French students chased through the streets in the south coast resort of Brighton, which saw

and ended in 600 arrests, police Charges of criminal damage, burglary and assaulting the police were brought against 30 people in

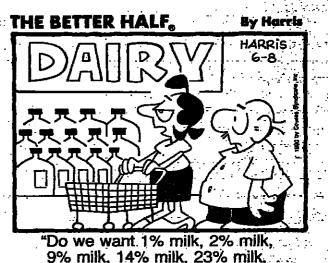
Those who died were: - Kathleen Penfold, 63, who cast of the semifinal in Italy - suffered a heart attack when rio-

Tavern; - Paul Butler, 30, hit by a police car answering a riot call in Hounslow, west London, when plans for dealing with trouble, he ran into the road while under

- Ronald Goodwin, 33, Reports of violence and arrests knocked to the ground in Totton flowed in from normally quiet near Southampton when he tried to stop a group of people causing damage. He died in an ambulance, and police said they were

A spokesman for Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher said she was appalled by the violence and mouth, Weymouth and Worth- the "mindless vandalism and hooliganism.

On Wednesday night, shortly after the game, Thatcher praised the England team for "playing magnificently" and congratulated the West German team



9% milk, 14% milk, 23% milk, 36% milk, 47% milk...?"

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME. by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unacramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form DAUGY STILLY LEBALT USUALLY DRESSED FOR DINNER. BORCAN Now arrange the circled letters to

Jumbles: AXIOM GUARD INVITE LOCATE Answer: Louis Pasteur started to make his great discoveries with this—
THE GERIM OF AN IDEA

Graf's days of supremacy

are over

WIMBLEDON (AP) — Like it or not, Steffi Graf is going to have to face up to reality: her supternacy in women's tennis is

First, 16-year-old Monica Seles snapped Graf's 66-match winning streak in the German Open final in May. Then, Seles beat her again in the French Open final last month. And now, Graf has lost to Zina Garrison in the semifinals at Wimbledon. It's the first time since 1986

that Graf has lost in three consecutive tournaments. And it's the first time in 14 Grand Slam tournaments that she has failed to reach the finals. Graf, who is still only 21, insists

Steffi Graf

really worked for me."

invincible as before.

to write Graf off.

one-woman show.

good tennis?"

Garrison said it appears Graf

has lost confidence and is not

hitting out as much as she used

to. Other players have noted that

Graf's forehand is no longer as

"You can slow her down now,"

Garrison said. "She takes a step

back. Before she'd just go

straight ahead and challenge you

But Garrison said it is too early

"Steffi is the champion," she

Graf's no. 1 ranking, which she

has held since Aug. 16, 1987, is

not in immediate jeopardy. In fact, on July 30 she will break

Martina Navratilova's record of

157 consecutive weeks at no. 1.

Navratilova held the top spot

Still, there is no question that

"It's really good for women's

tennis," Garrison said. "Every

other week, there's been some

players that have put her out and

have challenged her. What do

you want? Do you want her to

keep dominating or do you want

women's tennis is no longer a

from June 1982 to June 1985.

said. "She'll definitely be coming

one point after another."

she is not on the decline. She scoffed at a suggestion that her 6-3, 3-6, 6-4 losses to Garrison Thursday represented a major

"R's a simple loss, I think," she said. "What else is it? Is it a tragedy? A disaster?"
Graf credited Garrison, Seles

and others who have tested her in recent weeks. But she attributed her recent losses to her own sub-par play.
"They're all playing well,"
Graf said. "But I don't think I

was playing too well lately. I have done better than I'm doing right now, that's for sure." She offered no specific ex-

planations for her problems and said she plans no adjustments in her game ("Tve always played

this way"). Since the French Open, Graf has been bothered by a sinus infection that will require surgery later this year. She has also been hounded by questions about her

father Peter's private life.
But Graf said neither of those factors came into play Thursday.

"It was me who was playing bad and nothing else," she said. "I was eager. I was ready. But it was not my day at all. Nothing 200m, 400m, 800m, 1,500m, 5,000m and 10,000m track

According to Abdullah Abu Nawar, director of the Olympic Committee, the teams have already begun their training in Jordan "but the difficult part is sending them to Germany,' where the teams compete with other countries for a period of 15

dan will do well and we are aiming for anything better than tenth place. Our basketball team Jordan rates relatively high among the Arab countries in

"I am very optimistic that Jor-

sports, but particularly in Tae Kwon Doo, Jordan ranks first among the Arab countries.

Abu Nawar said Jordan held third place in the world in the Tae Kwon Doo championship held this year. He noted that Jordan was also awarded two bronze medals in Tae Kwon Doo in the Seoul Olympic games in 1988. "Although they were not for-

mally competing, they demonstrated their talents." The Barcelona Olympic games in 1992 will see Jordan participating informally again. This is be-

Jordanian athletes prepare for the Olympics before officially competing, Abu Nawar said.

So far, 37 countries have registered to compete in September making the competition very tough for Jordan.

"We enlisted our competitors from athletes who have been awarded medals in previous official competitions, in addition to those whose records match international standards," Abu Nawar

The opening ceremony of the Asian Olympic Games, in Peking, will begin Sept. 22nd until quire that a recent applicant par- concerned delegates and officials, ticipate informally three times doctors and journalists.

Lendl's Wimbledon title quest blocked by Edberg

WIMBLEDON, England (AP) - Ivan Lendl, the one who said he was allergic to grass, showed up for the men's semifinals at Wimbledon Friday and showed Stefan Edberg the way to a third consecutive championship match.

After dedicating his season to winning the only Grand Slam title to elude him; after skipping the French Open on clay and setting up camp in a nearby house two months ago to fine-tune his grasscourt play; and after dipping and weaving through the first five rounds, Lendl showed that all the practice in the world can't overcome natural feel.

Edberg showed the best of the grass-court game. The 1988 men's champion and runner-up to Boris Becker last year, he served deep, came to the behind his serve automatically and won going away 6-1, 7-6, 6-3. He will play for the title Sun-

day against the winner of the second semifinal between Becker, the second seed, and unseeded Goran Ivanisevic of Yugoslavia. And Lendi will head back to his home in the United States

empty-handed once again. It was

his seventh semifinal here without winning a championship. The key to the match was Edberg's serve. He had just two aces to six for Lendl, and had three double-faults, he protected his serve exquisitely. In 15 service games, Edberg gave up just 20 points and saved the lone break

point against him. He also returned serve superbly. As the royal sisters-in-law, the Princess of Wales and the Duchess of York, looked on, Edberg broke Lendl in the fourth and sixth games of the first set, when the top seed was looking stiff and most reluctant to approach the net. The final points in that second break were a forehand volley into the net and a

double fault. Edberg served out the set, and the final points of that game were just as telling - a service winner and a backhand crosscourt volley.

Serve and Volley — the key to grass-court success. Edberg held all the keys this chilly day.

The backhand volley is one of Edberg's best shots. So is the forehand service return, and that was the key to the second set.

Lendl played much better in that set, throwing up aces and service winners and coming up to the net more and more. He saved five break points in the seventh game, a 12-minute affair that went to deuce seven times. Big serves kept Lendi in it and he held for 4-3 on a reaching backhand lob by Edberg that went

Lendi then got his only chance to break in the eighth game, on a double fault and one of Edberg's few errors at the net, a forehand volley long. But Lendi couldn't convert. Edberg held on a forehand punch volley, a service winner and a return into the net. Both held serve from there, Edberg sending the set to a tie-

breaker on a service winner.

Lendl won the first point of the

breaker on a forehand buried in

the corner, but then Edberg turned it loose. A service winner, his first ace, a forehand crosscourt passing shot and a forehand crosscourt service return put him up 4-1. Lendl ended that run with a backhand crosscourt return but Edberg won the last three points on a long return, a backhand crosscourt return on a weak

crosscourt return. Edberg, a Swede who shows his emotions on court, was pumping his fists and shouting. Lendl looked worried. He had been here before, and he didn't want to repeat the past. But he could not find the solution to the one mystery in tennis he wants most to unravel - how to win Wimb-

second serve and a forehand

No one could look stronger than Lendi did in the second game of the third set, when he fired three aces and a service winner for 1-1. But those moments were too few.

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

COMBINE YOUR CHANCES

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH ♥ A765 4 A K J 18 EAST **⊉** Q 8 6 2 ♥ Q J 10 8 £8763 SOUTH ♥ Void

The bidding: North East 2 **♣** 3 ♡ Pass Pass Pass 5 NT Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass ing lead: Queen of ▽ Just because you have found a reasonable line for your contract is

4 Q 4

OKQ 1054

better one, or a secondary line that can be combined with the principal chance you have uncovered. North-South bid the hand well. North's three hearts was a waiting bid to see how the auction would progress. When South confirmed at least a five-card diamond suit North used the Grand Slam Force to check

on whether South held both missing

West led the queen of hearts, tak-

no reason to commit yourself to it.

First check to see if there isn't a

en by the ace as declarer discarded a spade. It seemed the contract hinged on finding spades no worse than 3-2 or dropping the queen singleton. So declarer drew two rounds of trumps, then tried to cash the ace and king of spades. East ruffed for down one. (Declarer was later able to take the marked ruffing finesse for West's queen of spades to avoid a second undertrick.)

Not a bad line. However, the high trumps in dummy should have suggested the possibility of a dummy reversal. For that to succeed declarer would need little more than a 3-2 trump break. What's more, if the dummy reversal could not succeed declarer could still fall back on the spade suit.

After cashing a trump at trick two declarer should ruff a heart high and return to dummy with the nine of trumps. When both defenders follow declarer should ruff another heart, then use two high clubs as entries to ruff the last heart and draw the outstanding trump. The two remaining club winners and the ace-king of spades bring declarer's

58 Byway 59 Lean

DOWN "Auntie

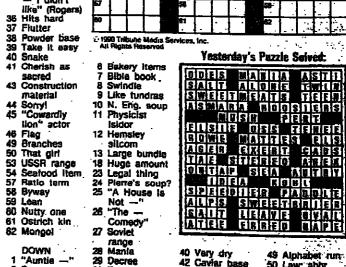
2 Pass up -3 "Two Years

Before the

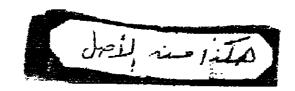
32 Party snack

33 Blueprints 36 Certain sh

THE Daily Crossword by Elizabeth Arthur 10 searood item 14 Strad's cousin 15 Cupid 16 Datai — 17 Soup for Pavarotti? 19 Seth's brother 20 Gr. letter 21 Tosspots 22 Royal fur 24 Fivers 25 Sir Guinne 26 Tosses 28 Cheddar cheese 32 Soup 33 Whizzes 34 Toward the 35 "I never mel I didn't like" (Rogers) Hits hard 37 Flutter 38 Powder base Yesterday's Puzzle Selved: 41 Cherish as sacred 43 Construction Bible book material Sorry 45 "Cowardly



40 Very dry 42 Caviar base 43 Idem 51 Wood strips 48 Clear of water 47 in addition



Extra income may not come Police later from new tax on insurance

By P.V. Vivekenand Jordan Times staff writer

riminal de saulting the x rainst 30 peus

fied were;

Penfold 8

anack when

er. 30, bi

Ting a ring of London to other to

Goodwin on the

on when he

of people on ed in an an

e said they

th as more

for Prime L

natche: 14

the violence

y night, de Phatcher pro

im for 🎉

nd congrate

n team

Harris

9≡7 ¦.

हा 83 द इ.स. १८३

AMMAN - By extending the time limit for payment to the Ministry of Finance of an additional tax on insurance, the gove windowide ernment has resolved one of the major procedural questions related to the implementation of the new law. But a key query that remains unanswered, is whether the legislation could meet its desired goal of increasing revenues to the treasury, according to economists and insurance com-

In a communique issued June 30, the Ministry of Finance said the additional tax of 10 per cent on premiums collected on all types of insurance, except life, should be paid by the insurance companies to the ministry within seven days from the end of each calendar month.

This procedure appears to have addressed one of the "observations" made by the Association of Insurance Companies in Jordan in a memorandum submitted to the government shortly after the Council of Ministers announced the new law late last mouth.

The issue revolved around a stipulation in the law that the insurance companies should pay the additional tax within seven days from the date of the insurance policy.

The original stipulation, according to Sami Gammoh of the Middle East Insurance Company, could have been impossible to meet since seven days is too short a period for the actual collection of the premiums from clients who maintain monthly or quarterly accounts with the insurance companies.

Gammon, who was one of the representatives of the association in discussing the new law with the Ministry of Finance, welcomed the amendment as a "positive move" but said other issues re-

mained unaddressed. Other points raised by the asso-

ciation, wich groups all the 16 Jordanian insurance companies and a foreign firm which only deals in life insurance schemes, include a question on how to deal with "refunds" or prepaid marine insurance premiums on import orders which could be cancelled or unfulfilled at a later stage.

Gammoh affirmed that the association was not against the principle of the additional tax, which, according to the government, would help finance the operations of the Civil Defence Department and other related emergency services. But, he said. "the law does not appear to have been carefully studied in terms of implementation before it was enacted."

Procedural issues apart, the key question is whether the additional tax would serve its objective of raising revenues, according to economist Fahed Fanek.

The apparent target of the additional tax is around JD 2.5 million to JD 3 million since premiums collected by insurance companies for this year is expected to be around JD 30 million compared with JD 25 million last

However, the additional tax, Fanek said, may encourage many sectors of the business community as well as vehicle-owners to opt for low-cost insurance, thus reducing the volume of business. Gammoh also agreed with this

Fanek does not think the additional tax wil bring in more than JD 1.5 million. Translated into terms of the total volume of premiums, it means a shrinkage of business by JD 10 million to JD 15 million for the entire insurance

"Lesser business means lesser revenues, and lesser revenues for insurance companies mean lesser income tax to the government,' Gammoh observed without speculating on any figures. "On the one hand, the government might be getting additional income

while on the other it could also be dan while "comprehensive coverlosing in terms of income tax." Existing Jordanian legislation makes it obligatory on all impor-

ters to obtain a certain level of "minimum insurance" on all goods coming into the country. A 'coverage against non-delivery' meaning theft or goods missing in transit — meets this basic stipulation, leaving it open for the importer to opt for non-Jordanian companies to provide other forms of coverage.

"The additional tax may encourage importers who now use Jordanian firms for all their insurance requirements to resort to non-Jordanian companies for anything above the minimum level required," Fanek observed.

"Third-party" coverage available for a payment of JD 20 for a passenger car and going up to JD 40 for bigger vehicles - is mandatory for al vehicles in Jor- pay the government?

age" - which could cost an average of JD 140 depending on the vehicle - is optional for the

"Again, the additional tax might discourage owners to continue to have 'comprehensive coverage'," according to Fanek. 'The obligatory 'third-party' coverage satisfies the legal requirements prior to licensing; so many could opt for the minimum requirement, thus affecting insurance business as a whole.

Several car-owners interviewed by the Jordan Times said they would opt for "third-party" insurance rather than pay a higher amount as premium for "comprehensive coverage."

"It was expensive enough to pay the insurance company," said Samir Shafiq. "Why should I now

He explained that the debt

burden makes it hard for such

countries to get the investment

they need to raise their standard

of living. Their own earnings go

to keep up with the debt and

foreign investors are wary as long

"The lower middle-income

That group, by the bank's fi-

gures, ranges as high as Brazil,

where the annual average income

was \$2,160 in 1988.

countries are ...very seriously

handicapped by debt overhang,

as the debt burden exists.

Conable urges debt cuts for some states

WASHINGTON (AP) — World Bank President Barber Conable urged the United States and other creditor governments Thursday to reduce the burden of the debts owed them by Poland and other middle income" countries.

The bank, the world's biggest source of aid, includes among these countries Bolivia, where the average citizen earns about \$570 a year, to a nation like Greece, where the average is

"Poland's debt situation must be dealt with in some way," Conable said.

"They have almost \$45 billion in debt, they have a one year moratorium on principal and interest and clearly the debt service for that would make it very difficult for Poland to resume growth and to make the necessary investments for getting a functioning economy with moving parts," he



Many villas and apartments for rent & sale furnished or unfumished in Abdoun, Um Utheina, Sweifieh and many other locations. For more details please call

ABDOUN REAL ESTATE Tel: 810609, 810605

Fax: 810520

Brady adds pressure on central bank

WASHINGTON (R) — In a move that puts added pressure on the Federal Reserve to loosen its grip, Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady called Thursday for lower interest rates to keep the 7-1/2 year U.S. economic expansion on

"We are enjoying slower than projected growth and that's not good," Brady told a small group

The economy grew at an annual pace of 1.9 per cent in the first quarter, below the administration's 1990 forecast of 2.6 per

Brady's remarks were the latest in a series of statements by top administration officials aimed at convincing the U.S. central bank to loosen its grip on credit and sanction a drop in interest rates.

So far, the Federal Reserve has resisted the political pressure, placing more emphasis on the fight against inflation than on ensuring continued economic growth.

"Worries about inflation are important but they shouldn't be subjugated to a good, strong, healthy concern for continued growth," Brady said. While he did not see signs of a

recession, Brady made clear that

economy is not growing fast, "We are below the administration's growth goals and we would like to get back on that path again

as soon as possible," he said. Brady acknowledged that his ability to influence the independent Federal Reserve (Fed) was

limited.

"The Fed conducts its own affairs and does it at its own pace," he said. "Treasury secretaries don't affect that very much.

Iraq, Iran seek Japan's help to develop oil, gas

TOKYO (R) - Iran and Iraq, which drove foreigners away from their oil wells during the rise of resource nationalism in the 1970s, are now trying to attract Japanese help in developing their of developing these fields, but oil and gas, industry sources said.

Both nations want to expand oil production to help pay for reconstruction following the eightyear-long Gulf war between them that ended in 1989.

However, Japanese oil developers are showing limited interest in the projects the two nations have proposed, saying that conditions for participation need improvement.

"We do need to secure oil supply sources for the future, but it takes courage to tie ourselves down with tough contracts whenthe world is glutted with oil," an oil company official said Friday.

Iran and Iraq told officials of Japan National Oil Corp. (JNOC) during a June visit to the Middle Eastern nations that they wanted Japan's financial and technical cooperation in developing their oil and gas fields, a JNOC official said.

Oil development firms haveuntil July 13 to tell JNOC, a government body set up to promthe administration believes the ote Japanese oil development activities, whether they are interested in the projects.

Iran is seeking Japan's help to develop oil production at the Sirri-A and Sirri-E fields at the mouth of the Gulf, at the Balal field near Lavan island, and at gas fields at the south and north Pars fields in the Gulf, the JNOC

Iraq told JNOC it is prepared to open four oil fields near the Iranian border in the south for joint development with Japanese.

They include the Majnoon, West were light crudes, but they are Qurna, Nahr Umr, and Hai Faya

The JNOC official say the two nations did not disclose the cost local newspapers here have etimated it would be around \$3 billion for the Iraqi projects and \$2 billion for the Iranian ones.

"Expectations of Japan are very high, because of its vast oil market, financing ability and advanced development technology, said Naoshi Kojima, economist at the Japanese Institute of Middle Eastern Economics.

Moreover, Japan is one of the few developed nations without any political obstacles to prevent conducting business with the two nations. Kojima added.

Iran and Iraq are also seen asking oil companies from Europe to cooperate in oil development, the industry sources

Under plans each of the two countries have proposed, Japan will be paid certain fees for developing their fields, at least partly in oil, and given priority over other countries in buying oil from the fields, they said.

But oil companies usually dislike this type of contract, often called risk service contracts, because it does not give them ownership of the oil they have de-

They often end up buying the oil from the government or national oil company of the land at prices no cheaper than the market prices, over a longer period of time than they wish.

"Even taking the shaky political situation into account, the projects could have been quite attractive if the oil from that area

mostly heavy and medium' types," said an official at a leadng refining company.

The difference between light and heavy crude prices has been widening worldwide in favour of light, reflecting a demand shift towards lighter oil products.

But some sources say there is a good chance that Iran and Iraq will win Japanese cooperation because among those willing to help are the giant trading houses and the government.

The trade houses are more likely to participate than the oil firms because this could belo them win lots of other business during post-war reconstruction in the nations, the sources said.

"Trading houses can afford to lose money in the oil projects as long as they are plucking profits from other projects in the same country," said one oil company

Among the big trade houses Mitsubishi Corp is most neavily involved in business with Iraq, while its counterpart in Iran. Mitsui and Co. Ltd, seems to have lost enthusiasm after suffering heavy losses in a huge pe'rochemical project at Banda:

Japan has been dramatically upgrading its Middle East policy this year. It has been actively sending senior officials to corntries in the area and has invited several prominent figures from there in the past six months.

"Strengthening ties with Widdle Eastern countries is one of our core strategies for the next 20 years," said Naoki Kuroda, directot-general of the ministry of interactional trade of a

Free holidays

in Romania

all year round

You can have

at your choice

Restaurant For your Lunch & Dinner OUTDOOR TERRACE COSY SURROUNDINGS Jabal Amman, 2nd Circle BEHIND TURKISH EMBASSY

SPECIAL OFFER FOR PARTIES

Order now, delivery to your home "Le Piat" French champagne Brut/Demi sec at

JD 108/ 12 bottles

Call: 622560 Mazen

. Cinema

RAINBOW

1) THE OLD MAN 2) PICASSO TRIGGER AND THE CROOK

At 12:30, 3:30 3) BEVERLY HILLS

Tel: 625155

At 6:30, 8:30

At 10:30 p.m.

PASSPORT MISSING Mohammad Ghulam Rah-

BENGALI

man, hereby announce that my Bengali passport No. 836125, issued in Decca on 21 June 1988, was lost.

Anyone who finds it is kindly requested to hand it to Abu Salim Grocery, Khirfan uphill, Amman.

PASSPORT LOST Indian passport No: Q

163451 (issued in Jullunder, India, on Feb. 27, 1980), and Jordanian residence permit — both issued to Kashmir Kaur have been lost in the Al Muhajereen area of Amman. Finders please contact the nearest police station or the Indian Embassy, Tel: 637262).

After Completion of Renovations GRANADA HOTEL

Welcomes you to a pleasant stay

First Circle - Jabal Amman - behind Saudi Consulate - Tel: 622617/638031

ROMANIA

autiful resorts of the Black Sea coast as Neptun, Mamaia and Eforie Nord.

The full green resorts in the Carpathian Mountains as Poiana Brasov and Sinala. Splendid tours as Bucharest — The Garden — capital of Romania and ancient Brasov in the mountains, Original medical treatments based on very efficient natural cure factors, mineral waters and high level medical assistance as:

- Geriatric cures (antisclerotic properties) in Otopeni sanatorium and Flora Hotel Bucharest.
- Pell-Amar (chronic degenerative rheumatism) in same places and many others.

Watering cures in Felix, Herculane spas and on the Black Sea coast. Everywhere first class and luxe hotels, entertainments, original Romanian folklore shows, night clubs and many others...

Weekly every Monday
For information and bookings, please contact
PETRA TOURS

Amman - Jordan, P. O. Box: 1803, Phones: 667028/670267/670449/670493, Telex: 23232, Fax: 681402.

Car For Sale/Irbid

1983 Honda Accord (yellow plate) from the first owner, in excellent condition.

Call 271100 - Ext. 3579, Irbid.

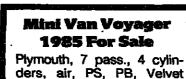
SEEKING

A leading Saudi construction company is seeking a young motivated and progressive Planning and Cost Control Engineer for a rewarding position in a prestigious project in Madinah — Saudi Arabia. Applicants with the following minimum qualifications will be considered:

- 1) BS Degree in Civil or Construction Engineering. 2) 5-7 years experience in the construction industry.
- 3) Experience in the use of personal computers and
- DOS operating system. 4) Experience in Planning and Cost Control Software packages; such as: Primavera, Open Plan,
- Full command of the English language.
- All resumes are to be sent to the following address by July 15, 1990.

Planning and Cost Control Manager P.O. Box 4654 Madinah Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.



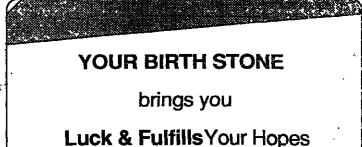


seats, cruise, 5 speed, very



good condition, free zone price Best offer 823298 Car World between 7th & 6th

circles.



All Gems available in Exclusive designs 18 KT gold at:



AMRA HOTEL AMMAN

Tel: 699238

Cinema

CONCORD

Dureid Lahham / Madeline Tabar

Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

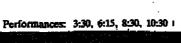
KAFROUN



Tel: 677420

PHILADELPHIA

A PRAYER FOR THE DYING





Tel: 634144

Cinema MUOUM

Silvester Stallone TANGO & CASH

Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 Friday & Sunday extra show at 11:00 a.m.



Tel: 675571

Cinema PLAZA

in TANGO & CASH

Silvester Stallone



Performances: 3:30, 6:15, 10:30

East German farmers to protest lost business

German states begin talks on final phase of unification

EAST BERLIN (AP) - Officials from both German states began talks Friday on the final phase of unification, and East German farmers vowed to damp milk in the streets to protest lost business.

East German Prime Minister makers and other occupants of Lethar de Maiziere led his delegation into the negotiations with West German officials on a state treaty that would deal with the final aspects of creating a in East Germany, which will resingle Germany.

In an interview with the East German News Agency, ADN, De Maiziere said the pact should give East Germans the same rights as West Germans.

He said the treaty should also cali for Berlin to be the capital of a united Germany.

West German Interior Minister wolfgang Schaeuble was leading the West German delegation in the talks.

Meanwhile, a bomb threat forced the evaluation of East Germany's parliament building while lawmakers were in session. No bomb was found and law-

ing their shelves with West German products. There have also been reports of widespread price gouging by East German stores. Farmers in the southern indust-

rial city of Leipzig said Friday that they would dump 10,000 litres (2,640 gallons) of milk on the streets Monday to protest the loss of business, ADN said.

De Maiziere and other officials have sharply criticised the higher prices that greeted East Germans during their first week in a free market economy.

ADN reported price rises of 400 per cent to 600 per cent in the northern Mecklenburg and Pomerania regions and said there were long shopping lines in the southeastern city of Dresden.

"There are cities in the GDR (East Germany) where the average price levels are way above those in West Germany," said East German Economics Minister Gerhard Pohl. "We need certain guarantees that GDR

Several thousand metalworkers went on strike in seven plants near the city of Leipzig after pay talks deadlocked two days ago, according to ADN.

In the southwestern city of Erfurt, 9,000 workers in the Thuringia region's Metalworking and Electric Equipment Indus-tries rallied outside their labour union's headquarters. Contract

talks later collapsed, ADN said. Included in workers' demands is that pay levels be brought up to West German standards by next

The two Germanys merged their economies Sunday in a prelude to full unification, expected in December. The East German now earns about 1,200 West German marks (\$720), less than half the average West German salary. However, East German rents are being kept low for a while to ease the transition from 40 years of socialism to capitalism.

faced higher prices because East Doe shows no sign of leaving as rebels close in

MONROVIA (R) — Liberian President Samuel Doe showed no sign of budging from his heavilyiortified mansion as rebels closed in and his soldiers looted shops and warehouses in the capital.

Rebels led by his former associate Charles Taylor fought government troops in Monrovia's eastern and western suburbs five to

Doe's soldiers roamed the streets in stolen cars Thursday, firing in the air and ransacking shops, warehouses and restaurants, grabbing everything from cash to furniture.

the parliament building returned

details of holding state elections

duce the nation to five states that

would be joined with West Ger-

many after common elections are

East Germany has experienced

an increase in crime and threats

against public officials in the freer

atmosphere of the nation since

the Communist government was

The taiks on the state treaty

combining the political systems of

the German states follows an

economic treaty that went into

effect Sunday and formally united

the economies of the countries.

East Germans have suddenly

overthrown last autumn.

Lawmakers were discussing the

after about 30 minutes.

held in December.

The rampage began hours after the armed forces chief, Lieutenant-General Charles July, fled the country — the latest of Doe's advisers to desert him.

Julu, who also headed Doe's executive mansion guard, left the country Wednesday. He had been chief of staff for only a few days since the weekend resignation of Lieutenant-General Henry Dubbar, who also fled.

Doe, who seized power in a bloody coup 10 years ago, said Tuesday that he would resign if

his safety and that of his Krahn tribe were guaranteed but he was rejected a U.S. offer to help him

The United States, Liberia's main ally, has four navy ships offshore to evacuate foreigners if necessary. Links between the two nations go back to the founding of Liberia in 1847 by freed Amer-

firedish pilots demand tougher Soviet hijack

pilots demanded tougher government action Friday to end a wave of hijackings a day after a third Soviet airliner was diverted to Stuckholm. The pilots, backed by airport

authorities and Aeroflot, urged the government to send the three young Soviet hijackers now held ir. Sweden straight back home for The seizure of a Tupolev 154

plane by an unarmed Soviet teenager Thursday was the eighth actual or attempted hijacking of a Soviet plane since June 9, when a 17-year-old youth forced an airliner to land at Stockholm's

Three of the commandeered planes have touched down at reporters. Arlanda, two other hijackers said

U.N. High Commissioner for Re-

fugees has proposed solving an

impasse over Vietnamese boat

people by repatriating or reset-

tling them from Hong Kong and

South East Asia nations by the

end of 1992, a U.S. official has

The United States did not reject

the proposal, but so far U.S.

President George Bush has re-

sisted changing his tough opposi-

tion to any forced repatriation of

The official told Renters an

increasing number of U.S. offi-

cials have concluded that if

Doat people, the official said.

they wanted to go to Sweden but were taken to Finland, and a sixth plane was diverted to Turkey. Two further reported hijacks

Roger Ellsborg, chairman of the Swedish Pilots' Association, said the wave of hijackings would continue until Sweden was seen to act decisively and swiftly to stamp it out.

"This epidemic is a direct consequence of the delay in sending the first two (hijackers) back, Aerofiot's local representative.

Alexander Sevastianov, agreed. "All hijackers should be sent would try this again," he told

But Foreign Ministry legal offi- no bomb was found.

countries providing haven to re-

... first asylum is going to col-lapse," he said referring to the

policy of Hong Kong, Malaysia,

Thailand, Indonesia and the Phi-

lippines of letting boat people

The official, who asked not to

be identified, also said there is a

real possibility an important

meeting on this issue in Geneva

on July 16 and 17 will end in

"Unless we move more to- namese refugees.

land on their territory.

'If we maintain our opposition

fugees will close their doors.

that simple. The first two hijackers were contesting Soviet demands for their extradition, and

the supreme court had not yet considered their cases. "The government has to follow the law," Corell said.

Civil Service and Police Minister Bengt Johansson added: Everyone is of course unhappy at the time this all takes, and we have discussed this in the government. But we have to go by the

Police said the latest hijacker. born in 1971, had told them he managed to divert the plane between Leningrad and Lvov by his briefcase. But he admitted to police he had been bluffing, and

outcome at Geneva," he added.

Thorvald Stoltenberg, postponed

the meeting originally set for

June because of an impasse over

the forced repatriation of boat

people classified as illegal immig-

He is seeking to resolve this

issue, which has raised tensions

between the United States and

Britain and among Hong Kong

and South East Asian nations

that give "first asylum" to Viet-

The U.N. High Commissioner,

U.N. floats new proposal on boat people

Washington does not relax its wards the views of other coun-

strict opposition to this policy, tries, I'm not optimistic about the

Mazowiecki reshuffles

He told parliament he had accepted the resignations of Interior Minister Czesław Kiszczak, Defence Minister Florian Siwicki and Transport Minister Adam Wieladek. Two other ministers were also being replaced.

bringing forward parliamentary and presidential elections which he had previously suggested hold-

munists.

as the only former Communist in

Yeltsin tells Soviet Communist Party to change or face defeat

themselves side-tracked."

belong to.____

"I am convinced a majority of

Communists is with the democra-

tic wing of the party," he said.

of the Party of Democratic

old congress should elect a new

Yeltsin proposed the new name

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet populist variants should look at the fate of organisations. Workers in factorleader Bons Yeltsin urged the the Communist parties in Eastern Communist Party Friday to make Europe. They were separated rapid democratic changes or face from the people... and found an "historic defeat" at the hands of the Soviet people.

Yeltsin, president of the giant Russian Republic, proposed that the party allow rival platforms within itself, change its name, and scrap party cells in the military and security forces.

"Any attempt to delay the course of events will lead to an historic defeat," he told the 28th party congress.

The 59-year-old maverick politician said that if the party failed to change it would find itself in opposition to the people, and would fail even to compete with other political forces, let alone remain the country's leading

whose voices have dominated at the congress so far: "Those who think about other

Yeltsin warned conservatives.

combining a rejuvenated party with other groupings.

He proposed that party cells be withdrawn from the army, the KGB security police and state

ies should decide the fate of the cells there.

Yeltsin said that if radicals broke away from the party, as Yeltsin said the party should some have threatened to do, a allow its members to decide popular struggle would start to which platform they wished to nationalise the party's property and bring it to trial for damage

> He said the main issue at the congress was not the fate of perestroika - Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's reform

inflicted on the country.

Socialism. He said the five-dayprogramme. "This question is being decided leadership which would call a by people outside the walls of this further congress in six months or building. It is decided in the Congress of People's Deputies He appeared to suggest that ultimately a "Union of Democra-(parliament). This congress is deciding the fate of the Soviet Comtic Forces" should be created, munist Party itself."

Yeltsin accused the party leadership of failing to take a tough enough stand against conservatives, allowing them to think they could recover lost ground.

JOHANNESBURG (R) — An his left thigh. Blood was just explosion probably caused by a pouring out," magazine editor bomb wounded 24 blacks in a Mbatha said. crowded Johannesburg bus terminal during the morning rush hour Friday, police and hospital officials said.

"There was blood everywhere," said witness Nhlanhla Mbatha. "It was only black people who got injured. People were crying and screaming."

Police spokesman Colonel Frans Matherbe said the explosion, the city's sixth in a week, was probably caused by a bomb placed inside a dustbin but investigations continued. White extremists have claimed responsibil-

ity for the five previous blasts. The blast sent glass shards and concrete chunks scything into crowds of bus passengers. Flying debris gouged holes in three cars

Ambulances with sizens waiting edged through traffic jams to collect wounded people lying across a rubble-strewn street and

Johannesburg Hospital spokeswoman Jennifer Gillwald said 24 people were being treated for wounds from the blast.

Malherbe said no-one had claimed responsibility for causing the explosion in a street used mainly by black commuters travelling into work from outlying

White extremists called the white wolves" said they carried out a series of five bombings that began last Friday in protest. against reforms by President F.W. de Klerk designed to end 40 years of formal race segregation. They vowed to carry out more

said the five bombings aimed at liberal politicians, an anti-apartheid newspaper and a synagogue were the start of a right-wing terror campaign.

Anti-apartheid organisations

manded the release from jail of a white man sentenced to death for murdering seven blacks in a shooting spree in Pretoria in

The black National Union of Mineworkers discovered a large bômb at its offices in a town near Johannesburg Thursday. The device was fixed to the building beside a taxi rank used by hundreds of blacks every day.

A bomb destroyed the union's offices earlier this year in the town of Welkom south of Johannesburg. The union blamed right-

Quebec fights absorption by English

MONTREAL (R) — Quebec's worst nightmare can be conjured with a single word: Louisiana. For more than 300 years the

Canadian province has lived in dread that its French culture might be wiped away, as it was in the southern U.S. state where barely a trace remains. "It's quite normal if you con-

sider that there are only five or six million French Canadians in a continent of 270 million Englishspeakers." said Pierre Fournier, a political scientist with the University of Ouebec.

Earlier French settlers of Acadia, in Nova Scotia, were banished, some of their descendants becoming Cajuns, today's English-speaking residents of Louisiana. The obsession helps explain

Quebec's tireless promotion of the French language, the quotas limiting the number of English songs aired on French radio stations and its bitterly criticised law banning English shop signs. Most English Canadians scoff

at Quebec's cultural phobia, pointing with envy to Montreal's vibrant culture and the growth of the French Canadian population from 17,000 French settlers in the 17th century to six million

But Quebec is anxious as ever. "Even though superficially the culture is vivacious, the numbers are worrisome," Fournier said.

The main source of Quebec's worry is its dwindling birth rate, the result of rapid economic growth, the women's liberation movement and the waning influence of the province's oncepowerful Roman Catholic Church.

In the province where families with 10 and 11 children were commonplace, the birth rate has

Hyesan

fallen to 1.52 children per woman, the second lowest in the Western World after West Ger-

Quebec Premier Robert

Bourassa has called the demog-raphic threat the biggest challenge facing the province this In an effort to sustain its num-

bers, Quebec has shed its insularity and is aggressively seeking immigrants

So far it has not won its fair share of the newcomers. Last year only about 17.7 per cent of Canada's immigrants settled in Quebec, a province which has a quarter of Canada's total popula-

Quebec asked for more control over immigration in the Meech Lake constitutional accord, which collansed in June after two English Canadian provinces refused

TEL AVIV (R) — Rabbis are under fire from Israeli belly dancers who say religious intolerance s threatening their livelinood Ten of the country's best-known belly dancers protested in the southern town of Ashdod outside the headquarters of local religious leaders who say their shows are immodest and provocative. The rabbis have told hotels and wedding halls that they will withdraw vital certificates that their food conforms to Jewish religious laws if they allow belly dancers to perform. The protest by the dancers was discreet, the Israeli News Agency Itim said — they were fully clothed with nary a

Australian gnomes find new home in Japan

New York hunts for 'dart man'

NEW YORK (R) — Summer in New York has the city's police

Salvadorean officer remains in command despite arrest warrant SAN SALVADOR (AP) — A punity in human rights cases as a

lieutenant colonel accused of cover-up in the murder of six Jesuit priests remained at the head of an elite infantry battalion, nine days after a judge ordered his arrest. Security forces have not detained Lt.-Col. Camilo Hernandez despite Defence Minister Gen. Humberto Larios' repeated promises of full military cooperation in the investigation. Hernandez said last week

he would turn himself in when ordered to by Larios or Col. Rene Emilio Ponce, head of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Ponce said the Defence Ministry didn't get a copy of the arrest warrant until Thursday, a week after it was issued.

"We will proceed with the detention of Lt.-Col. Hernandez." he said in a telephone interview. At midday, Hernandez was still on duty at the headquarters of the elite Belloso Infantry Battalion

just outside the capital. The episode underscores a crucial point of peace negotiations between the rightist government of President Alfredo Cristiani and leftist rebels of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front, or FMLN.

The insurgents demand an end to institutionalised military imcondition for ending the 10-yearold civil war that has claimed an estimated 72,000 lives.

Though international human rights groups blame the armed forces or military-linked death squads for the abduction and murder of up to 30,000 suspected government opponents in the past decade, no officer has been convicted, or even tried, for a rights abuse crime.

Hernandez, 37, is the executive, or second-in-command of the Belloso Infantry Battalion. For the past week he has been in command of the unit in the absence of Col. Juan Flores Portillo.

Judge Ricardo Zamora of the 4th criminal court, who is heading the Jesuit investigation, ordered Hernandez' arrest on cover-up charges on June 26.

Hernandez was executive of the military college last Nov. 16 when the Jesuits were killed by an army detail based at the school. He allegedly ordered the burning of log books detailing troop

tion in sworn testimony before the arrest warrant was issued. Records in the judge's office show the arrest warrant was sent June 26 to the National Police,

Hernandez denied the allega-

the Treasury Police and the National Guard. All three are part of the Defence Ministry as well as arms of the judiciary.

"That Lt.-Col. Hernandez remains at his post is one more proof that military impunity is a concrete reality that must be eradicated. It is a demonstration of contempt for the judiciary,' Miguel Saenz, a member of the FMLN political-diplomatic commission, said by telephone from

Mexico City. If arrested, Hernandez would be the second-highest ranking officer held in connection with the Jesuit massacre.

Col. Guillermo Benavides, commander of the military college when the priests, their housekeeper and her teen-age daughter were killed, has been charged with murder along with three lieutenants and five soldiers. All but one, a private who is a fugitive, are under arrest.

Benavides allegedly ordered the killings. Despite his arrest, Benavides was spotted at a military-owned beach resort earlier this year.

After the sightings, he was confined to National Police headquarters, where he reportedly has apparently, open-ended offer so catered meals and visits from soon after the two sides had family and colleagues.

cabinet WARSAW (R) - Polish Prime

Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki fired three prominent former Communists Friday in the first big cabinet shake-up since Solidarity took power last September.

Mazowiecki also proposed

ing next spring. The other ministers to lose their jobs were Agriculture Minister Czeslaw Janicki and Communications Minister Marek Kucharski, both members of parties formerly allied to the Com-

The shake-up leaves Foreign Trade Minister Marcin Swiecicki

N. Korea to throw open border on Aug. 15 TOKYO (R) - North Korea

dropped a propaganda bombshell Friday by announcing it will open its tightly-sealed border with the South next month and challenging Seoul to follow suit.

Pyongyang's official committee for the peaceful reunification of the fatherland said the Northern side of the border at the Panmunjom truce village would open to people "from all walks of life" from Aug. 15. The official North Korean

contacts and travel "as a step to practically accelerate the independent and peaceful reunification of the country."

But it did not make it clear whether the North would keep its side of the border open if Seoul

News Agency (KCNA), moni-

tored in Tokyo, said the offer was

aimed at promoting cross-border

refused to cooperate in facilitating exchanges. There was no immediate official reaction from the South Korean government. But one Unification Ministry official said: "We have yet to determine why the North came out with such an offer. My personal feeling is that it is yet another piece of prop-

aganda." The committee's gesture was mandated by a meeting of government and party representatives in Pyongyang Tuesday, the same day as delegates from the North and South, resuming border contacts after a five-month break, agreed in principle that their prime ministers should meet in Scol by early September.

The proposed talks will be the highest level of contact between the two Koreas since they fought a war from 1950 to 1953. Korea-watchers in Tokyo said it was unclear what had really motivated Friday's dramatic and,



agreed on the meeting of their prime ministers.

Analysis noted the reiteration of Pyongyang's ivitation to peopie from all walks of life, an offer Seoul has curtly rejected in the

South Korea's government insists that it must be the sole channel for any contacts with the Communist North, with which Seoul is still technically at war. The peninsula has been partitioned since 1945.

Under its draconian national security law, two Christian clergymen and a woman student who last year made unauthorised trips to North Korea saying they wished to hasten national reunification, received heavy prison sentences.

Last year, too, the government mobilised a huge police force to block access to Panmunjon, which straddles the border some 50 kilometres from Seoul, after the North invited students from the South to come and discuss Korean unity there.

Friday's statement said Pyongyang believed that now, "when national reunification stands out as an urgent task that brooks no further delay, the contact and travel between the North and the South, whatever the form and way, must be coupled with debate... with emphasis on the discourse on the reunification ques-

tion..." "Contact and travel betweenthe North and the south must be allowed equally, without discrimination, to the political parties. organisations and people of all walks of life with differing ideas, ideologies and political views."

come visit(s) to Pyongyang in the near future by all the political parties, organisations and individuas who have proposed, or hoped for, contact with us on condition that they are not discriminated against for their ideology and political view. And we will accept their invitation any time." The North Korean statement

said the contacts and exchanges "must not be restricted by any legal or social conditions.' It added: "For a successful progress of contact and visit between the North and the South. we will open the portion of our

side at Panarunjom from Aug. 15,

1990 and hope that the South side,

too, will take a corresponding mea-

"At the same time, we will ensure the safety of compatriots from South Korea and overseas during their stay in the North and offer them all conveniences."

The South Korean Unification official said the Statement indicates that the North is trying to avoid dialogue with Seoul while encouraging dissidents and students (in the South) to come to the border.

Earlier Friday delegates from

North and South Korea met be-

hind closed doors at Panmunjoin for three and half bours to draw up a final agreement on the meeting of their prime ministers. A spokesman for the South Korean government in Seoul said: "There were no basic differences between the two sides... and they reached a basic accord

final agreement." The spokesman added that the two sides had agreed to hold another round of working-level talks at Panmunjom on July 12 to draw up the final version of the

on 19 points tobe written into the

MOSCOW (AP) — Akiko Suwanai of Japan has won top honours m the violin section of the ninth International Tchaikovsky Musical Competition. Yevgeny Bushkov of the Soviet Union took second place, and Alyssa Park, a 16-year-old high school student from Lexington, Kentucky, took third place, said Margarita Trubitfina, a spokeswoman for the

Japanese Wins

Tchaikovsky award

competition. In addition to taking the first place gold medal, Miss' Suwanai, 18, of Tokyo; also received a medal for best performance of the competition, the spokeswoman said. Miss Suwanai had won second prize at the Japan International Competition in Tokyo in 1989 and second prize at the Paganini International Competition in Italy in 1988. Miss Park received three medals in all: for third place, for most talented performer and for most artistic performer. "I was very hon-oured, but also very puzzled." she said in an interview afterward, noting that the international jury awarded her the medals

France pronounces death sentence on the circumflex

for most artistic and most

talented, but then only gave her

third place. She admitted to feel-

ing some tension, "but I just tried

to treat it as a concert, and play."

PARIS (R) — France's language police have pronounced the death sentence on the circumflex. Circumflex accents and hyphens linking many compound words' will not be used in schools after 1991, adding to last month's raid on accents and dashes. The reforms affect about 1,200 words. The circumflex is the hat-shaped accent which shorters the pronunciation of vowels. French purists are up in arms against the changes, approved by the French Academy and the Ministry of Francophone Affairs. "The government can't legislate the changes or force people to change their language. Those who don't want to make the changes don't have to," said Francophone Affairs Minister Akin Decaux

Rabbis under fire by belly dancers

navel in sight.

SYDNEY (R) — The garden gnome, rejected by Australians as too kitsch, has found a new home in Japan. Des Reinboth has turned a Japanese yen for the chubby little concrete dwarves into a bealthy profit earner for his south Australian company Concraft Pty Ltd. "They're considered to be kitsch here in Australia but the Japanese seem to love them," Reinboth has told Reuters. Concraft began selling gnomes to Japan in 1987 after a Japanese furniture buyer saw a range of its products at a garden centre in Melbourne. Now the Japanese buy up to 10,000 guomes and other ornaments for their homes each year, Reinboth said. Most popular is a set of seven dwarfs, with snow white, which sells in Japan for the equivalent of \$670 and upwards. "They only want cute ones, ugly ones are out," Reinboth said.

searching some of Manhattan's busiest streets for a man who has caused pain in the back and backside for dozens of women - "the dart man." The man, using a straw as a blow gum, shoots pins. at neatly dressed women. He aims for the backside but sometimes hits their backs, police said, adding that so far 24 women have complained of being attacked since June 26. The latest attacks came Tuesday when two women

